The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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DAILY GAZETTE.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Condensed Telegrams from All Quarters.

—The outstanding legal tenders amount to $382,000,000.

Col. James Mayo, State Treasurer of Virginia, has been adjudged a lunatic.

—The insurrection in Sago, Japan, was brought to an end on the 1st of March.

—The President has nominated Henry C. Johnson to be Commissioner of Customs.

—The cotton factory at Woodberry, Md., resumed on Friday on the ten hour system.

—Three Indians were hanged at Fort Smith, Ark., on Friday, for murders committed in the Indian country.

—The furniture establishment of O. G. Couch, at Wellington, Ohio, was destroyed by fire on Friday morning. Loss $12,000.

—The customs receipts for the week ending March 14th were: At Philadelphia, $157,260; New York, $2,508,654; Baltimore, $198,635; Boston, $291,086.

—The report that startling charges have been preferred against Comptroller Green, of New York, by the Commissioners of Accounts, turns out to be without foundation.

—Barnard McNulty, a carpenter employed on the C. H. & I. R. R., was run over by the cars and instantly killed on Friday afternoon while walking on the track of the Pan Handle Railroad.

—Wong Chin Foo was admitted to citizenship in the Circuit Court in Grand Rapids, Mich., on Friday. He claims to be the first of his nationality that has renounced allegiance to the Chinese Empire.

—A dispatch from Melbourne says Rochefort and his companions refuse to disclose how they succeeded in getting aboard the vessel which brought them from New Caledonia, for fear of implicating friends.

—At an informal meeting of prominent members of Plymouth church in Brooklyn, a few evenings since, both projects of building the largest church in Brooklyn and giving the pastor six months' vacation were favorably talked of.

—About twenty of the crew of the steamer Roman, lying in the Boston harbor, soon after dinner on Thursday, showed symtoms of being poisoned, but were soon placed out of danger by a physician. An examination showed that arsenic got accidentally mixed with the food.

—On Friday afternoon a young man named Ernest Petit was riding on horseback in the outskirts of Cairo, when the foreleg of the horse suddenly sunk into a deep hole, causing him to turn a complete summersault and fall upon Petit, who received serious, perhaps fatal, injuries. The horse's neck was broken by the fall.

—Inspector Murphy, of the Jersey City police, has returned empty handed from his pursuit of Hamilton, the defaulting treasurer. He reports that Hamilton is still in Matamoras, and that Cortinaz has possession of all the stolen bonds, and offered to sell them for less than one-third their value. Hamilton is in a state of positive destitution.

—In view of the many recent escapes from Sing Sing prison, it was thought best to set detectives at work to ascertain, if possible, the means by which prisoners obtained their liberty. Their efforts were successful, and parties have been arrested in New York who have been manufacturing keys, burglars' implements, &c., and conveying them to the prisoners by a band of confederates and women who had means of access to the prison.

—In Washington, on Friday, Detective Sargent arrested Mr. Buell, correspondent of the St. Louis *Republican* and Detroit *Free Press*, on a charge of criminal libel on a warrant sworn out by Senator Chandler, of Michigan. Mr. Buell was taken to the residence of Judge Snell, the Police Court being closed, and gave bonds in the sum of $5,000, Donn Piatt being his bondsman.

—District Attorney Tenney, of Brooklyn, and Assistant Attorney Hughes have had a quarrel growing out of the Sanborn trial, and at Tenney's request, Hughes resigned, at the same time preparing charges against Tenney of official misconduct, and forwarding them to Washington. It is believed Hughes will have the support of Attorney General Williams, who is his brother-in-law, and also of Supervisor Hawley.

—D. D. Williams, Cashier of the Conneautville (Pa.) National Bank, which was reported robbed some weeks ago, was re-arrested in Erie on Friday by S. B. Benson, Government detective, and lodged in jail, his bail having surrendered him. On the morning of the reported robbery he was found in the bank, gagged and senseless. A recent examination of the bank books shows a defalcation of $27,000, in addition to the reported $17,000, which caused the autopsy in the case of Adolph Rammers, late tax-collector of Louisville, was concluded on Thursday. It will be remembered that Rammer's accounts with the city were behind nearly sixty thousand dollars, and a few months before his death he secured policies on his life, in various insurance companies, amounting in the aggregate to nearly one hundred and forty thousand dollars. The companies demanded an autopsy, and the evidence before the jury showed sufficient morphine in the stomach to cause death. The jury brought in a verdict to that effect.

PRAYER CRUSADE.

Opposition to the Women in Jeffersonville, Ind.

JEFFERSONVILLE, IND., April 3.—Reuben Daily, editor of the *Evening News*, of this city, has taken a decided stand against the crusaders because the temperance leaders undertook to badger him, misrepresent and misconstrue his motives, and because they have not continued their work of prayer, love and persuasion in a humble and Christianlike manner, but discarded themselves over the city as committees with pledges, importuning citizens, and meeting with refusals, they thought it God's work to threaten people with prosecution. He now repudiates the crusaders and declares his paper to be in favor of all lodges and conservative license law, fair and equal rights for all classes of citizens, German, Irish, or otherwise, and that no man shall be deprived of a private gratification which he uses discreetly simply because another man makes a beast of himself.

The Campaign Fully Inaugurated in Wheeling.

WHEELING, W. VA., April 3.—The ladies fully inaugurated street praying in this city today. They visited a number of saloons, and although meeting with no positive success, feel greatly rejoiced at the kind treatment they received. At a number of saloons they were denied the privilege of praying inside. They then knelt on the pavements and sang and prayed. The proprietor of Laramie's Varieties met them at the door and conducted them to the concert hall, and gave them free permission to sing and pray, during which exercises the utmost order was observed. Mr. Laramie publishes a card in an afternoon paper informing the ladies that they can have the use of his hall, with the cottage and one hundred and seventy-five seats, for half an hour each day.

At St. Clairsville Josie King surrendered last evening, and this morning Downing, the last one, surrendered.

At Bellair, Bridgeport and Martin's Ferry the daily visiting still continues, with but little, if any, decisive result.

A "True Water" Organization Formed in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, April 3.—To-night a large meeting of Germans who are opposed to the Sunday liquor law was held here for the purpose of organizing an organization which will support for office no candidate who will not pledge himself to repeal the present law relative to liquor. Resolutions were adopted which authorized the formation of a new organization to be called "True Water," to extend all over the State. Any citizen can become a member who will pledge himself to support only such candidate for office, and to vote only for such party, as will openly and unreservedly endorse the principles at variance with the present Sunday liquor law.

FOREIGN.

SPAIN.

Carlist Rumors.

PARIS, April 3.—The Carlists here have information that a revolt has broken out in Bilboa that only half of their army has been engaged in the recent battles, and that General Santez will shortly march with a strong division upon Madrid, and cut off Marshal Serrano's communications.

Desertions from the Carlists.

MADRID, April 3.—An official dispatch states that 410 officers and men have deserted from General Santez's command and come into the Republican lines.

BOSTON.

Balloting for United States Senator

BOSTON, April 3.—In the Legislature to-day the ninth ballot for United States Senator was had, and resulted as follows: Dawes received 91 votes; Hoar, 75; Curtis, 70; Adams, 16; Banks, 6; Pierce 2; and Washburn, Whittier and Phillips received one vote each. The whole number of votes cast was 262; necessary to a choice, 132.

A GRANGE of the Patrons of Husbandry has been organized in Cambridge, Crawford county. One of the officers is a hotel keeper and the other runs a drug store, but whether they take rank as farmers on account of handling "rye," is not stated.

SECOND EDITION.

Four O'Clock.

THE CAPITAL.

Pittsburgh Marine Hospital—Proposed Change of Location.

Representative Hale a Candidate for Secretary of the Interior.

The House Dissatisfied with the Senate Finance Bill.

Rumors of a Special Message from the President on Cuban Affairs.

The Case of South Carolina Considered by the House Judiciary Committee.

Foreign Trade of 1873---A Favorable Showing.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.
WASHINGTON, April 3, 1874.

Pittsburgh Marine Hospital.

A bill was reported in the House to-day authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to dispose of at public sale the Marine Hospital buildings and grounds pertaining to it in Pittsburgh, and to purchase a site in or convenient to that city, eligibly and healthfully located, which shall be ceded to the United States by the State of Pennsylvania, and erect thereon a suitable building not to exceed the sum realized for the sale of the present building and site.

The Secretaryship of the Interior.

Representative Hale is being urged by Speaker Blaine and others of good influence for Secretary of the Interior, upon the transfer of Delano to the Secretaryship of the Treasury in place of Richardson, who retires shortly.

Cuban Affairs.

Parties interested in the sale of Cuban bonds were circulating reports about the Capitol to-day that the President is about to send a special message to Congress on Cuban affairs and recognizing Cuban independence.

The Currency Problem.

The House will not be satisfied with the bill which has nearly passed the Senate increasing the legal tender and national bank circulation ninety two millions dollars, but prominent Senators who have voted steadily for expansion express the opinion to-night that there will be no further increase authorized this session.

Foreign Trade of 1873—Favorable Balance of Trade.

Monthly report No. 6 of the Bureau of Statistics will contain the statistics of our foreign trade for the year ended December 31, 1873, as compared with 1872. The following synopsis is furnished by the Chief of the Bureau, in advance of publication:

	Imports.	Exports. (Specie val.)	Foreign Exports.
Twelve months ended Dec. 31, 1873	$624,997,362	$906,366,531	$24,963,294
Twelve months ended Dec. 31, 1872	677,144,579	544,438,789	25,006,083

The following table shows the amounts of the foregoing carried in cars and other land vehicles, and in American and foreign vessels respectively:

1873.	Imports.	Domestic Exports. (Mixed val.)	Foreign Exports.
Land Vehicles	$ 15,040,533	$ 7,400,067	$ 3,138,952
American Vessels	168,430,264	135,393,743	8,481,339
Foreign Vessels	141,530,465	314,730,161	13,374,003
1872.			
Land Vehicles	19 564 141	6,420,962	3,652,480
American Vessels	182 518,071	168,672,305	7,027,513
Foreign Vessels	975 542,367	412,091,783	14,406,300

The values of the imports and exports, consisting of specie and bullion, and of merchandise, respectively, were as follows:

1873.	Imports.	Domestic Exports. (Specie Gain.)	Foreign Exports.
Specie and bullion	$ 82,749,49	$ 67,263,542	$ 7,350,992
Merchandise	505,247,923	550,103,025	17,650,312
1872.			
Specie and bullion	$21,182,004	$ 91,295,236	$ 8,391,669
Merchandise	655,962,575	424,142,553	16,614,625
1873.	Imports.	Foreign Exports.	
Free	$171,722,701	$10,814,120	
Dutiable	453,774,605	14,154,084	
1872.			
Free	$115 278 430	$10,478,186	
Dutiable	561,865,142	14,267,397	

Allowing for the difference in the warehouse account, the exports for the calendar year are in excess of the imports by $299,831, while for the corresponding period of 1872 the imports exceed the exports to the amount of $135,475,715.

A summary showing the articles imported and exported during the year 1873, as nearly as practicable, with similar articles in 1872, will also be prepared by the Bureau for them Abroad.

As our ladies of fashion have in some instances began to import their spring bonnets from abroad, the Treasury Department has been asked for a construction of the tariff on such articles, and decides that straw bonnets, although trimmed with silk ribbons, artificial flowers, feathers, &c., ready for wear, are liable to duty at the rate of 40, less 10, per cent. ad valorem under the provisions in section 3 of the act of July 14, 1864.

DIAMOND.

WASHINGTON, April 3, 1874.

Sanborn Contract Investigation.

The Committee on Ways and Means had another hearing this morning in the Sanborn contract matter, and examined under oath Acting Collector James M. Klug, of Indianapolis. He testified that Green, one of Sanborn's agents, had called at his office last January and introduced himself as a special agent of the Treasury Department, showing a letter of credentials to Mr. Hogate, the Collector, which letter, however, witness had not read. Mr. Green stated or conveyed the idea that he had been sent by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to collect back taxes on dividends from the Indianapolis & Lake Shore Railroad Company, and he went to the company's office the next day and collected the tax. There has been no question of the liability of the company to be taxed, and its Secretary had called several times at the Collector's office, and had been referred to the Assessor, who had some difficulty in his own mind as to whether the rate of taxation should be five per cent. or two and a half per cent.

Archibald White, a resident in the county, on the Seventh street road, stated that material was put into the improvement on that road which had been condemned as unfit. They charged witness for one hundred feet front more than his property measures on the Seventh street road. The road was better for a width of twenty-four feet before it was improved than it is now.

Z. Richards, late Auditor of the District Government, testified that it was his official duty to act on all accounts presented against the District Government. He did so, and about a year ago received a statement and a batch of bills from the Board of Public Works for work alleged to have been done by the Board in carrying out the old corporation laws. The claims were not as reported to witness. Many of them were for work when the original contracts were annulled or changed.

The Appropriations.

Out of the twelve Appropriation bills Congress has only one out of the way, that of Fortifications. The Army and Navy Appropriation bills have passed the House, and through the Senate with amendments, thus throwing them back on the House. The Legislative, Judicial and Executive Appropriation bill is now before the House. The Pension, Indian and Military Academy bills have been passed upon by the House Appropriation Committee, and are ready for the consideration of the House. The Post-office bill has not yet been prepared. The River and Harbor bill is in course of preparation. The Sundry Civil bill, one of the largest appropriation bills, is yet to be prepared, and will give rise to considerable discussion. It contains appropriations for U. S. Courts, light houses, marine hospitals, customs houses, surveys of public lands, armories and arsenals, signal office, repairs for all navy yards and many miscellaneous objects. The Consular and Diplomatic bill has not yet been touched in Committee. The Deficiency Appropriation bill is ready for report. The general impression is that with all these bills to be disposed of, as well as some other equally important matters to the country, Congress will not be able to adjourn before some time early in August.

The Case of South Carolina.

The case of South Carolina was considered to-day by the Judiciary Committee of the House, who appointed a sub-committee, consisting of Messrs. Tremain, Eldridge and White, to hear both sides. Next Monday morning is appointed for the hearing. The tax payers' delegation has appointed Messrs. Porter, Kershaw, Butler, Elliott, Lathers and T. Y. Simons a sub-committee to conduct their case. The rest of the delegation return homeward to-morrow morning. The point now aimed at is to induce the Judiciary Committee to recommend an investigation by the committee, so that Congress may become officially cognizant of the condition of South Carolina. This is considered an indispensable preliminary to Congressional action.

Lands for Mennonites.

The Senate Committee on Public Lands to-day heard a delegation of three Mennonites from Pennsylvania and two from Russia asking legislation to enable preparations to be made for the settlement in this country of some 40,000 Mennonites now living in Russia, who are obliged to emigrate from that country prior to the year 1881, or perform military service, which the tenets of their religion forbid.

The committee authorized Senator Wind om to prepare and report to the Senate a bill authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to withdraw from public sale such large tracts of land as they desire to occupy within the next two years, either by homestead or pre-emption entry.

The Deficiency Bill.

The House Committee on Appropriations were again occupied in the preparation of the deficiency bill. It considered without action the request of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to be authorized to transfer certain balances of appropriations, in order to be able to adjust the accounts of the Bureau, and also discussed the propriety of recommending a deficiency appropriation of $18,000 to make good the loss sustained by the trustees of the Reform School of the District of Columbia by the failure of Jay Cooke & Co. Objection is made to this provision, as last year's appropriation for this institution should have been drawn from the United States Treasury only as actually needed, and should not have been drawn out for deposit elsewhere.

Portland, Dallas & Salt Lake R. R.

Congressman Nesmith, of Oregon, made an argument this morning before the House Committee on Railways and Canals upon the bill introduced by him to aid in the construction of the Portland, Dallas & Salt Lake Railroad. The committee agreed to report favorably. The bill provides that the Government shall guarantee the interest on the bonds of the company to the amount of $10,000 per mile, in return for which the company is to transport all United States mails, army supplies, &c., free of charge forever.

Land Grant Extension.

The Committee on Public Lands heard a delegation from Wisconsin advocating the extension of the St. Croix Railroad land grant, which has lapsed in consequence of the non-compliance with the conditions relating to the time of construction.

District of Columbia Investigation.

At the morning session of the District of Columbia investigation, Col. Wright Rives testified in relation to the improvement of the Bladensburg Road, and expressed the opinion that portions of the work were defective, though the charge for the work was excessive.

The Geneva Award.

The House Judiciary Committee this morning postponed further consideration of the various propositions for the distribution of the Geneva award until Monday, the 13th inst, when it is their intention to take final action in the matter.

FORTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

Memorial from Georgia for More Currency.

$1,000,000 War Claim.

WASHINGTON, April 3, 1874.

SENATE.

Observing Good Friday.

After the reading of the journal, Mr. ANTHONY said he had taked pains to look up precedents as to the Senate adjourning over Good Friday, and had found that since the war the practice had been to adjourn, except in 1868, when the impeachment trial was in progress. Prior to the war the Senate always adjourned on that day. He moved that the Senate now adjourn till Monday next.

Mr. MORTON inquired if that motion was in order.

The Chair ruled it was not during the morning except by unanimous consent.

Mr. ANTHONY said he had no conscientious scruples against sitting on Good Friday, but there were members who had, and to whom it was painful to be here to-day.

Mr. SHERMAN suggested that the business of the morning be transacted. The motion to adjourn would then be in order. Agreed to.

Indian Outrages.

Mr. HARVEY presented a memorial of citizens of Kansas asking for protection against outrages by Osage Indians. Referred.

Bills Reported.

Mr. SPENCER, from the Committee on the District of Columbia, reported favorably on the House bill to pay the school teachers in the District. Placed on the calendar.

Mr. WADLEIGH, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported favorably on the Senate bill to set apart a certain portion of the island of Mackinac as a national park. Placed on the calendar.

Adjournment.

The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of bills on the calendar till the expiration of the morning hour.

The motion of Mr. Anthony to adjourn till Monday being in order, it was rejected—yeas 28 nays 30.

Mr. ANTHONY moved that when the Senate adjourn it be to next Monday. Agreed to.

Memorial for More Currency.

Mr. MORTON presented a memorial of Georgia planters, asking for an increase in the volume of United States notes. Referred.

The Finances.

The Senate then resumed consideration of the bill to provide for the redemption and reissue of United States notes and for free banking.

Louisville & Portland Canal.

The House bill providing for the bonds of the Louisville & Portland Canal came up.

Mr. CHANDLER moved to refer the bill to the Committee on Commerce.

Messrs. SHERMAN and MORTON opposed the reference of the bill to a Conference Committee on the ground that it should be disposed of immediately, that the Government might take possession of the canal in pursuance of the original contract and reduce the tolls thereon, thus relieving the commerce of the West from the excessive tolls now charged by the trustees.

Messrs. CONKLING and HAMLIN doubted the propriety of the Government paying any money upon the bonds of the canal until the State of Kentucky shall cede to the United States jurisdiction over it, and advocated the reference of the bill to the Committee on Commerce.

Pending the discussion Mr. STOCKTON moved that the Senate adjourn.

Duty on Imported Hops.

Mr. CONKLING presented a petition of citizens of Oneida county, N. Y., asking for a duty of 15 cents per pound on hops imported from foreign countries.

Pending the discussion of the Louisville & Portland Canal bill, the Senate adjourned until Monday.

HOUSE.

Pontoon Bridge.

Mr. SAWYER, from the Committee on Commerce, reported a bill to legalize a pontoon bridge across the Mississippi river at Prairie Du Chien. Passed.

Fur and Seal Trade of Alaska.

The bill for the appointment of an agent to obtain information in regard to the fur and seal trade of Alaska came up as unfinished business.

Mr. COBURN offered an amendment for the detail of a naval officer in connection with the civil agent, to report on the subjects referred to, and whether the contracts as to the seal fisheries referred to have been complied with, and can be safely extended. Agreed to.

The bill was then passed.

Bills Passed.

Among the bills passed was one reported by Mr. Banning, of Ohio, from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, requesting the President to use his good offices with the English Government for the discharge from prison of Edward O'Meagher Condon, of Cincinnati, convicted on a charge of murder in Manchester, England. There were altogether some seventy bills passed, nearly all of them pension bills.

Subsidy Investigation.

Mr. MILLIKEN asked leave to offer resolutions instructing the Committee on Ways and Means to proceed with the investigation of charges made at the last Congress as to corrupt practices in connection with increased subsidies to the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

Mr. DAWES, Chairman of that Committee, said that the investigation was placed by the committee of the last Congress in the hands of those members of the committee who had moved the investigation. That sub-committee reported that it did not desire to proceed any further, and testimony taken by it was reported back to the House under seal, and had been recommitted. At this session the committee was disposed, the moment it got through with the pressing business before it, to open that testimony, and if the matter appeared to require further investigation, to proceed with it.

Mr. BUTLER objected to the resolution unless it was simply referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. MILLIKEN consented to that, and it was so referred.

Fines of Invalid Pensioners.

Mr. SPEER offered a resolution directing the Committee on Invalid Pensions to inquire whether the system adopted by the managers of national military asylums of deducting fines and forfeitures for breaches of discipline is in accordance with the spirit and meaning of the pension laws. Adopted.

$1,000,000 War Claim.

Among the reports made was one very important from the Committee on War Claims, in the case of J. and T. Greene, of Jackson, Miss. The claim was for near $1,000,000 for the value of cotton and woolen mills destroyed during the war of the rebellion, by order of General Grant, and for cotton, bonds and Confederate money taken from the bank at Jackson.

Mr. LAWRENCE, Chairman of the Committee, reported adversely to the claim, on the ground that the property was destroyed as being an element of strength to the rebellion, and that consequently the Government is not bound to compensate the owners. The bill was laid on the table.

The House then adjourned.

STEUBENVILLE.

Fatal Accident to a Brakeman—His Head Crushed Between the Bumpers—Killed Instantly.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.
STEUBENVILLE, OHIO, April 3, 1874.

This evening a terrible accident occurred at the shops of the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis Railway. A young man named James Lewis was engaged in coupling cars, when he, by some means, slipping, caught his head between the chafing bumpers, while the cars were coming together, crushing it to a jelly and killing him almost instantly. Deceased was employed as a brakeman by the railroad company.

Wait's White Lime is sold very cheap by Jas. Reno, 41 Federal street, Allegheny.

WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., 1 A. M., April 4, 1874.

Probabilities for To-day.

For the Middle States and lower lake region, fresh and brisk easterly to northerly winds, generally cloudy weather and occasionally light rain and snow.

For the south Atlantic and gulf States east of the Mississippi, fresh and brisk south to west winds, increasing cloudiness and possibly light rain during the afternoon and evening.

For Tennessee and the lower Ohio valley, occasionally light rains, but winds shifting to northerly, with falling temperature and clearing weather.

BREVITIES.

.....Eight railroad employes have signed the pledge.

....An adjourned meeting of Select Council will be held Monday afternoon.

....Mrs. Van Horn thinks the men have no right at the woman's meetings.

....There are two hundred and seventy six inmates of the City Poor House.

....Kinder Blair gets up the K. of P. banquet. Tickets five dollars each.

....The Allegheny Library, after renovation, was reopened yesterday morning.

....The Board of Guardians of the Poor have on hand a surplus fund of $14,000.

....Miss Haller wants the young girls to take up the temperance cudgel more strenuously.

....The *Amusement* advertisements will be found on the second page of this mornings GAZETTE.

....A tower for a fire alarm bell is being erected on the South Side in the rear of the Walton Engine House, on Sarah street.

....Miss Renwick wants young ladies, if they do not support the woman's movement, not to speak against temperance to their young gentlemen friends.

....The Birmingham Passenger Railway, yesterday "dropped" a few conductors for "acute financiering," or, in other words, hypothecating fares unlawfully.

....The stable of Mr. George B. Canfield, at Riverton, near McKeesport, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning, and a valuable cow was also burned to death.

....A large fire occurred at Wellsboro, Tioga county, last Wednesday which destroyed thirty of the largest business houses of the town, and involved a loss of $80,000.

....John A. Woods, David Strain and Chas. Wenzell have a hearing to-day before Alderman Hagar for maintaining gambling houses. Strain was only the "man at the wheel."

....John Smith was arrested yesterday for stoning a saloon on Sixth street, where he had been refused a drink. John and the crusaders evidently differ in their mode of attack.

....Frank Cowan has not sent us his map of Southern Pennsylvania. What's the matter, Frank?—*Uniontown Standard*. Why send maps to those who don't know the use of them?

....A lad named Murray had one of his eyes cut out yesterday on Carson street, South Side, while disputing with another boy named Mulgavin. The latter did it with a pen knife.

....The railroad office clerks think that women coming to induce them to sign the pledge puts them (the young men) too much back in their work. They'd rather see the ladies outside.

....The Survey Committee of Allegheny Councils met last evening and decided to recommend that no change be made in the plan of Perrysville avenue. Also, that the petition for vacation of a portion of Hopkins alley be granted.

....The old Robinson mansion is crumbling beneath the touch of the spirit of improvement, and the same vandal hands that now find employment in removing it will soon be engaged in erecting mercantile palaces upon the site.

....Yesterday a gentleman picked up a pocket book containing thirty or forty dollars, in a Pleasant Valley street car. From a card it appears to be the property of Mrs. Gillespie. The owner can hear of it by calling at the *Gazette* office.

....The following officers of the James L. Graham, lodge, J. O. O. F. were installed last evening: N. G., Richard Wilson; V. G., Robert Robinson; Secretary, John Parkhill; Assistant Secretary, A. R. Wampler; Treasurer, R. M. Blair.

....Mrs. Van Horn says the reporters know more about filling newspapers than making bread. Is this a reflection upon the domestic abilities of our female reporter?—*Leader*. Which one of the fellows on the *Leader* is the female reporter?

....Last evening Lieutenant Hagar and officer McAnally arrested four suspicious characters at Bailey's Mills. On being taken to the lock-up two valuable watches were found in possession of one of them, which are supposed to have been stolen. They were locked up to await a hearing.

....The Coroner was notified yesterday to hold an inquest on James Kain, No. 927 Penn avenue, who had died suddenly. But as the deceased had a physician, who attended him for six weeks past, and who gave a certificate of death from natural causes, an inquest was not found unnecessary.

....Messrs. Remington and McGowan, who own 200 acres of land in the city limits, built up and occupied years ago, have been informed by Surveyor General Beath that their application will not be granted. This decision is in accordance with the advice of the Board of Properties.

....Alderman Logan yesterday held an inquest on the body of Mary Weir, No. 1023 Penn avenue, who had died suddenly on the day previous. Dr. Foster made a *post mortem* examination and stated that in his opinion the woman died of heart disease superinduced by alcoholic stimulants. A verdict in accordance was rendered.

....An election of officers of Pittsburgh Grand Chapter Rose Croix resulted in the choice of the following: Geter C. Shidle, M. W. and P. M.; A. Y. Coal, R. and P. K., Sen. Warden; Jos. S. Lytle, E. and P. K., Jr. Warden; Benjamin Darlington, E. and P. K., Gr. Or.; Charles A. Colton, R. and P. K., Treasurer; Thomas T. Wightman, R. and P. Ct. Secretary; A. Gross, R. and P. K., Hospr.; James Brown, R. and P. K., M. of Cer.; E. P. Kerr, R. and P. K., C. of G.; Thos. C. Graham, R. and P. K., Sentinel.

....The two Democratic papers of Uniontown, the *Genius of Liberty* and *American Standard*, (the latter deserting the Republican party in order to secure a portion of the printing at the disposal of the Democratic officials) occupy considerable space this week in ventilating Mr. Thos. B. Searight's record previous to his appointment to the Surveyorship of Colorado. Considering the fact that Mr. Searight now claims to be a Republican and is at a safe distance attending to his newspaper, the animus of the editors of the aforesaid Democratic journals, in publishing the communications and affidavits becomes painfully apparent.

The New Organ in the Pittsburgh Female College.

A Boston paper of a recent date contains the following notice of the superb organ built in that city for the Pittsburgh Conservatory of Music, in connection with the Pittsburgh Female College:

"The instrument in course of preparation has three banks of keys, two and a half octaves of pedals, with thirty notes on the pedal. It has been carefully devised to comprise all the essential features of a large organ, and, in fact, is a large organ adapted to educational purposes as well as for concerts. It has three manuals, a feature characterizing organs of the largest class, with a pedal of unusual compass. The stops of each manual—chorus, expression and alto—are selected to give the greatest range of variation in tone, and afford the student the amplest opportunity to study the best effect in solo and combination. It is well built in a style unique and attractive, and of superior finish, that will alike please the ear and eye. It will be the largest and most complete organ for educational purposes ever built in America, promising to be a most important and attractive feature of the new Conservatory, and additional credit to the eminent builders, whose reputation as first class organ builders is so widely known."

We are happy to inform our readers that this "largest and most complete organ for educational purposes ever built in America," is the property of the Pittsburgh Conservatory of Music, and will be ready for the use of those who desire instruction, on next Monday morning. A long felt want is at last supplied. There are but few good organists, and yet there is a large and increasing demand for them. Nearly every live church is supplying itself with an organ, and the number in use will be increased by thousands within the next ten years. The opportunity for receiving instruction, and for practising on a really superb instrument, is a rare one, and we doubt not many will avail themselves of it. The whole community will thank the Trustees of the College for their enterprise in this matter. The College now has twelve teachers in the Conservatory—nine in music and three in the modern languages—and sixteen in the other departments, making an aggregate of twenty-eight. The Spring Term is just opening, and those who desire to enter, should make immediate application to the President, Rev. I. C. Pershing, D. D., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Spring and Summer.

A beautiful assortment of Spring and Summer Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, selected with special care as to style and texture, just received by Mr. M. T. Hedges, No. 47 North Diamond, Allegheny. Suits made to measure and a perfect fit guaranteed, with prices as low as the quality of the goods will permit. Some of the neatest suits we have ever seen were made at 47 North Diamond, and we speak but the truth when we say they are no suit with the least clumsiness of fit is permitted to leave this house until perfected. A full line of tip-top furnishing goods at fair prices.

James Reno, 41 Federal street, Allegheny, undoubtedly sells the best sewer pipe and flue lining in the county, which should be considered an inducement to buyers.

Come, See and Buy.

The neatest and best assortment of ladies' gents', misses' and children's boots, shoes and gaiters, it has been your good fortune to inspect this season, is to be found in my store. If you will just have the kindness to look in a few minutes you can not leave without making a purchase, because the quality of my stock and the fairness of prices are inducements that you cannot resist. Money can be made in the purchase of a good article of boot or shoe, as the best is always the cheapest. No. 108 Federal street, Allegheny. mh28-3

THE TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

Last Day of the Session.

The session of the Teachers' Institute of Allegheny county closed yesterday. The morning session was taken up with a lecture by Prof. Collier on "The Physics of Water." Dr. J. B. Bittenger lectured on "Teaching—a Profession." Miss Potter gave several very interesting readings. The Rhys family, of Manchester, enlivened the proceedings with their musical gems. In the afternoon Prof. Curry lectured on "Geometry," in a very instructive manner. After this Prof. Gamber finished his lecture, commenced on Tuesday, on "History." Miss Lizzie Caperon read an interesting and able essay on "The Story of Life." A resolution was adopted thanking Prof. Collier for his able, instructive and interesting lectures. Miss Potter closed the proceedings with a lecture on drawing. In the evening Prof. Nesbit lectured on "Humbug," Rev. R. B. Ewing spoke on "Courage and its Counterfeits." This concluded, the institute adjourned.

"The Old Blockmaker."

Mr. Thomas Davage, "The Old Blockmaker," No. 57 First avenue, is still to be found at the old stand, ready as usual to do the best work in his line. Rivermen who are just now refitting for the spring trade should not forget him. Mr. Davage is the oldest blockmaker in the city and he has better and more complete facilities than any other manufacturer in Pittsburgh in this line. He has complete machinery and makes the famous Iron Strap Block. He can compete with Eastern houses from the fact that he sells cheaper and makes a better block. Railroad companies, steamboat men and others in need of Blocks can do no better than call on "The Old Blockmaker," No. 57 First avenue, where they are sure to get a first class article, as the reputation of an old citizen goes with it.

BUCHANAN LETTER LIST.

The following is the list of letters remaining uncalled for in Buchanan Postoffice, on THURSDAY, April 2, 1874:

Aikman Miss L
Boggs Miss A N
Bartel N S
Boat M
Bolthoover D
Barnet Mrs E
Brown J W
Bowers J
Brown Mrs I
Bucher A
Bonner C
Burn Jno
Boez C M
Calate Miss A M
Clark W W
Caldwell Miss E
Cohord S C
Carrick Miss E
Davies J
Davis Geo
Davis Sarah
Davis J P
Edwards M A
Emin E
Evans o B
Fleman Jos
Falon Robt
Fisher J W
Feather Mrs M
Finch Wm
Gurkem Henry
Getty J C
Gillis S
Hopkins Mrs T
Hague J F
Hughes S
Ho ver Wm
Hutton E
Hisets M
Joonson Miss L
Jones J P
Johnson Thos
Kreuter M
Kenner A P
King Mrs S
Kelly Wm
Kline Jos
Krank Mrs
Miller Mrs M
Martin J L
Mullen Eda
Mercer Miss J
Morgan Mrs D J
Mullet Mrs A
Monroe Geo
Monte Mrs M
McIntosh Mary
McCann Mrs E M
McCormick Jas
McCracken C L 4
Orth J Y
Orrison Miss L
Powell Wm
Proser R P
Routh P
Rowe Jos
Ross Robt
Roberts Jno
Rankin D
Smith H
Sweeny B D
Stember A
Sprole G
Sidrle P L
Sadler Miss A
Stewart Miss C
Thornberry L M
Upton Mrs A E
Verner Geo
Wittaker Sno
Wier V A
Wilson Lizzie
Walker H
Wareham Job
Wilson Jos
Wieman C A
Wagner Mrs K
Walters W F
Young Miss M D

CHAS. HOERR, P. M.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

☞ RELIGIOUS SERVICES WILL BE held in the Seventh U. P. Church, corner of Forty-fourth street and Charlotte alley, on TO-MORROW at the usual hours. Sabbath School meets at 1:45 P. M. All are invited. 8

☞ FIFTH U. P. CHURCH—THERE will be Preaching in the Fifth U. P. Church, corner of Webster avenue and Washington street, TO-MORROW, at 10½ forenoon, and at 3 afternoon, by the pastor, S. R. KELSO. 8

☞ SIXTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner of Franklin and Townsend streets, Pittsburgh. Rev. S. I. WILSON, D.D., Pastor. Services every Sabbath at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., except the second Sabbath of each month, the children's church at 2 P. M. taking the place of the evening service of that day.

☞ FOURTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev. ISAAC BANKS will preach TO-MORROW, at 10 30 A. M. Rev. R. W. PEARSON, D.D., pastor, will preach at night at 7½. Subject—"Christian Union, Real and Fanciful—Considerations about 'Close Communion' so-called." Sunday School at 2.

☞ THIRD U. P. CHURCH, DIAMOND street, between Grant and Rost. Rev. S. R. HAZLETT, Pastor. Services to-morrow morning at 10½ o'clock; evening 7½. Sabbath School 9 o'clock A. M. Young People's Prayer Meeting at 6½ o'clock P. M. Wednesday evening Lecture and Prayer Meeting at 7½ o'clock. Young Men's Prayer Meeting every Friday evening at 7½ o'clock in the lecture room. Strangers and others cordially invited. 8

☞ *ADVERTISEMENTS on this page under the several heads of "WANTED," "FOR SALE," "TO LET," &c., will be inserted at transient rates only, TEN CENTS PER LINE for each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than FIFTY CENTS.*

LOST

LOST—ON FRIDAY EVENING IN Allegheny, in a Pleasant Valley car or probably on Federal street, a GOLD HAIR-RING, with a pendant ball or globe, enameled on one side. A suitable reward will be paid if returned to this office, or to J. BOURNE,
ap4-3t* No. 70 Fremont St., Allegheny.

STRAYED OR STOLEN—FROM THE residence of the subscriber, Webster street, on Tuesday March 31, A DARK RED COW, with a white face—about 6 years old. A liberal reward will be paid for her return to CONRAD LUTZ,
ap2-3t 158 Webster St., Pittsburgh, Pa

WANTS.

WANTED.—SUMMER BOARDING for a small family, eight to twelve miles by rail from the city. Address S. G. J., GAZETTE Office. mh24-6&8

WANTED—A DRUGGIST OF ELEVEN years' practical experience desires a situation. Can furnish good reference as to ability, sobriety, &c. Address DRUGGIST, care Wm. F. Sheridan, M. D., No. 274 Fifth avenue extension. mh28-3

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GEN-eral housework. Apply at No. 19 Fifth avenue, Allegheny. mh28-3

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GEN-eral housework. Apply at No. 19 Fifth avenue, Allegheny. mh28-3

WANTED—

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

JOSIAH KING.....N. P. REED,
T. P. HOUSTON.....D. L. FLEMING,
GEO. W. REED.
KING, REED & CO., Editors and Proprietors.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

TERMS FOR 1874.
DAILY GAZETTE.

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Do. for six months	3 00
Do. for three months	1 50
Do. for one month	1 00
By the week, payable to Agent or Carrier	15

All remittances should be made by express or in money orders, and when so forwarded will be at our risk.

WEEKLY GAZETTE.

Single Subscribers	$1 50
Clubs of five	1 25
Clubs of ten	1 15

A copy is furnished gratuitously to the getter up of a Club of ten. Postmasters are requested to act as Agents.

Give full address, postoffice, county and State, also nearest express office, in order that there may be no mistake in forwarding papers.

Persons desiring to subscribe for the GAZETTE—*Daily or Weekly—will upon application, be supplied with specimen copies, free of charge.*

KING, REED & CO.

SATURDAY, APRIL 4, 1874.

THE City Councils of Philadelphia have appropriated $1,000,000 to centennial purposes.

THE charges of corruption against Gov. Sheppard, of Washington, are to be withdrawn, and extravagance is to be substituted as the charge. The affair is evidently losing heart.

THE detailed correspondence from Chiselhurst, relative to the *fete* on the occasion of the legal majority of the Prince Imperial, credits the young prince with considerable strength of character and manliness of appearance; and what is especially surprising, a strong physical similarity to the late Emperor Napoleon.

WE can imagine nothing more unwise than for the Pennsylvania Railroad to commence a newspaper assault on the Baltimore & Ohio Road, because it happens to have found a way to compete with it for Pittsburgh freight and passenger traffic. As we understand it, the Pittsburgh, Baltimore & Washington Road, and its connections to Philadelphia, is making steady progress and gaining in the amount of its traffic of all kinds. In the meantime, Pittsburgh receives the benefit that results from the competition.

THE series of scientific lectures, of which that of Prof. Langley was the first, represents an event deserving of more than passing notice. Few cities can furnish lecturers who are able to entertain a cultivated audience with lectures on the advanced phases of science, with experiments as brilliant as Tyndall. Yet this is what Prof. Langley did at Library Hall. The lecture yet to come, from the Observatory Professor Langley, will, if possible, be still more interesting, as it will probably give in detail his remarkable discoveries, recently made. We refer to this subject, in this place, more to mention the fact of our having two persons capable of affording such treats, rather than to criticise or indicate the lecturers.

WE freely took what for a time seemed the unpopular side, in the moisty business, but it turned out to be just and right, that the merchants sinned quite as much as they were sinned against. This Sanborn business, however, bears a very different look. Already enough has transpired for it to be very clear that Secretary Richardson and Assistant Secretary Sawyer, of the Treasury Department, ought to resign. That they have carelessly signed important letters unread, and transacted important business in a careless and improper manner, seems clear from their own evidence. This Sanborn business, in all the length and breadth of its corruption is more chargeable to them than to Sanborn himself. He would, very naturally make all he could, but they were expected to protect the interests of the Government. Their oaths and honor required this. Yet with representations that should have inspired suspicion, they permitted a flagrant evil to continue. The failure of the suit against Sanborn is said to be chargeable to the Secretaries. Their resignation ought to follow.

ABOUT a year ago, while discussing the importance of a reduction of railroad rates for freight, we were reminded frequently and urgently that the true policy was for manufactories to be established at the West, thus attracting large populations, and creating a home market for produce. While admitting the soundness of the principle, we urged that this must be a matter of growth, and could not be safely forced Joliet, Illinois, was called to our attention as an illustration that such developments could be safely urged. We now clip from the Chicago *Tribune* the following: "A majority of the stockholders of the Joliet Iron and Steel Company met yesterday to listen to the report of the Treasurer, and to concert the measures to extricate the company from its embarrassments. The Treasurer's report showed that the floating indebtedness was $880,000 and the bonded indebtedness $450,000. A committee was appointed to report upon the causes of insolvency, and to make a settlement with the creditors." The town of Joliet contributed largely (we do not know how much) to the enterprise. Yet with all the adventitious aid it received, it has failed.

THE proposition of Senator Rutan, looking to the appointment of a Commission to select Text Books for the schools of the State, meets, as it should, commendation on every side. One of the great evils of our present system, is the lack of unity, and the cost that characterizes it. The new system contemplates the retention of any book that may be accepted, for five years. This will avoid the confusion of frequent changes, and will contribute to economy. We have 16,000 schools in the State. Let it once be known that a contract will include all these, for five years, and publishers can afford to make very close figures. In some instances the copyright of works, for the State, can be purchased, and economy exercised in this way.

While it is true that the Commission will hold large power in its hands, and may be beset with temptation, if carefully selected it can do a wonderful work in behalf of economy and education in the State. Governor Hartranft has made for himself so excellent a record that we are confident that he will carefully select this Commission, if the bill is adopted,—and we commend the entire movement as right and proper.

IT has been intimated that in our allusion to strikes among workingmen, we have not been fully conversant with those which have taken place, within a few days, in this city. It is stated that where the workmen on street fills have struck against the contractors, it has been because of actual depression in prices allowed. Our article excepted cases of this kind. We do not for a moment commend the course of those who, taking contracts on the basis of labor at a given price per day, then attempt to grind the face of the workmen. For such deeds, we have only language of condemnation. Our remarks, however, were not designed to refer to a specific instance in which a strike was precipitated, but generally. Our advice is, that as a rule, candid, manly, peaceful application is more likely to secure the result desired than are strikes. The history of such movements show that they uniformly work to the disadvantage of the poor. A clear-headed writer on the subject declares that "they always produce two effects, both adverse to the laboring class, viz.: an increase in the number of laborers and a decrease of capital. In the great Preston strike, which lasted from October to December, 1836, the laborers, it has been estimated, lost $400,000, while the employes lost only $250,000. In the Preston strike of 1858, the laborers lost in wages $1,850,000, their masters $885,000. In eight unsuccessful English strikes, between 1859 and 1861, there were lost $7,850,000, of which $6,765,000 were lost by the laborers in wages. Not to illustrate farther—does not these figures already show the evil of the system? We admit, however, that they also show that employers should not permit a strike, where a reasonable concession will prevent it. The loss comes to both, and, therefore, both should seek to peaceably settle their differences.

THE CLOSE of the Lenten season is at hand, and to-morrow ushers in Easter, with its associations of a cheerful and inspiring character. The increased attention that is given to these Church festivities, in this country, is one of the noticeable circumstances of the times. Just what it indicates may be an interesting question—but that it involves an increased number of holidays, of which we have none too many, is a clear case. Whether the interest manifested illustrates the idea that the Church has a larger hold on the public mind than it had in other years, or the desire for an increased list of holidays is general, or that the masses are becoming more impressed with the significance of the day, and are more in sympathy with the spirit of the occasion, we do not undertake to say. We would gladly believe that the latter were the case. Certainly there is the same forcefulness of reason in behalf of observing the anniversary of the Resurrection that there is regarding the yearly recurrence of the Birth-day ceremonies. If the coming of the Christ was an auspicious event, full of hopefulness and cheer to the race, his resurrection is equally full of promise and joy. It is, if anything, the more significant event, and worthy of as wide commemoration. While the precise day of the year is less regarded in this than the day of the week, it does not impair, but rather enhances the propriety of the observance. This observance, with peculiar and appropriate ceremonies, of the day, will not trench upon the secular duties of the week. For this reason, as well as the growing disposition to have the number of holidays increased, we judge that Good Friday and Easter Sunday will increase in popularity as holidays, or days for peculiar commemorative services. It does not seem to be generally known that Good Friday has been made a legal holiday in this State, by action of the Legislature,—but such is the fact. The example is thus set, and in the course of a few years it is entirely probable that the day will be a generally legalized and observed holiday. Nor is it objectionable, whether considered in the light of a recreation or of a remembrance of a religious event.

OUR FILTHY STREETS.

The allusions that have been made from time to time, to the condition of the streets of the city, have inspired a slight spasmodic movement toward having them properly cleansed, but nothing commensurate to the importance or extent of the work to be accomplished. Gentle suggestions have been offered, in the hope that by merely calling attention to the subject, the evil would be remedied. It is not done—nor can we observe that vigorous efforts are being made to have it accomplished. The subject is not urged because of interested motives—the public health, comfort and convenience are involved, and it is time that the most vigorous measures were urged in behalf of the thorough cleansing of the streets. It is absolutely undeniable that there are vast accumulations of mud and filth, in every part of the city, much of it of a character to taint the atmosphere, and generate pestilence, when the hot suns of Spring shine upon it. Every day it is left, increases and perpetuates the danger. This aside, and the people have a right to demand to be freed from the presence of so much filth. They are compelled to pass through it, to the injury of apparel, and the annoyance it necessarily brings.

The taxes of this city are undeniably high, and the amount of money appropriated to the streets is certainly sufficient to keep them constantly and properly cleansed. Of this there can be no doubt. Why, then, is the work not done? If the reason for complaint continues, it may not prove unwise to propose a thorough investigation of the manner in which the moneys appropriated for street cleaning purposes are expended. The public may suffer long and patiently, but once aroused, and there will be an investigation of matters, so thorough and searching, that any failures to wisely use, or misappropriations of money will be thoroughly searched out. We do not know of a city so inefficiently cleansed as is ours. New York, with all the complaints that are made, is cleanly and pure, compared with Pittsburgh. Yet this city is much better situated for cleansing purposes than is New York. Gentlemen Commissioners, will you accept the suggestions offered, and do your duty? We sincerely trust so. If not, a thorough investigation of affairs is sure to take place, very soon.

THE PROPOSED AMENDMENTS.

It is quite evident that if the proposed amendments to the new Constitution are urged upon the people, a very decided defeat will be created, and great injury done. They must be submitted to a preliminary vote of the people at the next general election, along with the State ticket that may be put in nomination. Considered merely as a matter of policy, this would be dangerous, at best, and probably fatal to the success of the ticket. It will be impossible to free a proposition to amend, at this time, from the suspicion of having been originated for an improper purpose. There is no strong argument for the change. No expense will be saved, no advantage gained. It will take several years to complete the amendments, and in that time the Constitution will be undergoing practical trial. We are in receipt of intelligence from various parts of Western Pennsylvania, that leads us to know that to urge the amendments will be a sadly mistaken element of policy. We are in receipt of a letter from a highly respectable citizen of Butler county, enclosing the following extract from a paper, to which he adds some comments:

One of the greatest triumphs of the new Pennsylvania Constitution, says the *Tribune*, is its virtual abolition of the lobby at Harrisburg. If it had secured no other reform, this would have paid the labor expended upon it; but it is also claimed that its effect upon corrupt Rings is no less satisfactory than upon the lobby. A recent letter from Hinton Rowan Helper is published, in which he thus praises the entire instrument: "I have just finished reading the new Constitution of Pennsylvania, and am profundly impressed with the conviction that it is the best American Constitution ever yet framed. It ought to be adopted forthwith as a State Constitution of every State in the American Union. According to my view of the document, in its justness, thoroughness and wisdom, it has no equal in any age or language."

Our correspondent adds: "With such an expression upon our new Constitution, is it not strange that some of our legislators are already trying to introduce amendments, though the Constitution has only been in force three months? If time should develop any proper changes, the people would doubtless indicate them to their representatives, who would, no doubt, act promptly in submitting any desired changes in the manner and as authorized by the 18th Article. But in all good faith, let the popular will have a fair test, and should amendments be wanted, let the matter proceed first from the people, and not from their representatives." We have the legislative side of the proposed amendment, which is that future Legislatures will not be likely to propose to limit their number of members. A Legislature elected under the new Constitution must pass on the propositions now submitted, and thus they will be stopped, if the argument referred to has force. This we do not believe. Better abandon the entire enterprise.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

It is estimated that the paintings and other works of art destroyed by fire in the London Pantechnicon were worth $2,500,000.

It is stated that the news of a terrible tragedy telegraphed from Austin, Nevada, on Tuesday night, was a hoax. It was published in the *Reveille* at Austin, first.

THE death of the following citizens of New Orleans is announced in twenty-four hours: T. K. Finley, aged 46; Chas. Briggs, aged 79; Col. James Wingfield, aged 47.

THE Bureau of Charities of New York has closed ten of the soup kitchens and proposes to close four more after warm weather prevails. The Howard Relief Association kitchens will probably close by April 10.

THE President of the Brooklyn City Railroad has issued an order prohibiting, under pain of dismissal, drivers or conductors drinking any intoxicating liquor, or living in or entering any house where liquor is sold.

LANDER and Major FOX, convicted of sending obscene matter through the mails, have been pardoned by the President on condition of their paying the five hundred dollars fine imposed when convicted, and the costs of the trial.

THE Norwegian steamer Anna, now forty-seven days out from New York for Rotterdam, has not been heard of since she sailed. One of her owners says there is a bare possibility of her machinery having broken down, and she is proceeding under sail.

AT Oakland Park, California, on Thursday, the mare Lady Mac made what is said to be the best time recorded in a five-mile race. She trotted against Jerome and Omaha, and sold in pools two dollars against their twenty and sixty, finally winning the race. Time, thirteen minutes.

CINCINNATI has had an interesting wedding, Mrs. Pabst, widow, aged 69, being united to a Chicago gentleman aged 70. These venerable lovers were at an early age playmates in Germany. He came to America, married and amassed a fortune, his wife dying about two years since. The lady also emigrated and married here. No. 1 left her poor, but No. 2 is wealthy.

THE Russian bark Jupiter, on a voyage from New York to Gibraltar, experienced very boisterous weather on February 7. When three days out a squall struck the vessel and she was boarded at the same time by a heavy sea, which swept Captain Gronduguist and six of the crew from the deck. A returning wave brought back two of the crew, but the others were never seen again.

ON Thursday night about nine o'clock, Lawrence Ferry, clerk of the rail mill in Covington, Ky., while endeavoring to ascertain the cause of some accident to the machinery, fell into a narrow pit alongside of the fly-wheel which was revolving very rapidly, and being caught by the cogs of the wheel, was literally cut to pieces. He was a son of Francis Ferry, of Cincinnati, a well-known insurance man.

AN attempt to begin last Thursday night, a crusade in the eastern district of Brooklyn, was not successful, and Dio Lewis, disappointed, said to the congregation, "Well, my dear friends, we had better think about this two or three years more, and then I will come and help you organize." Rev. Dr. Boole said if hot weather dried this thing up, it would be followed by the most disastrous results that ever fell upon the Church, and it would take five years to bring Christian people back to where they stood.

QUITE a sensation has been created in Oshkosh, Wis., by the finding of the will of the late W. Durand, a wealthy citizen of that place. The document was found by the workmen while repairing the house. It divides the extensive property of Mr. Durand equally between his son, nineteen years old, and Mina Howard, of New York city, his niece, on condition that the son marry the niece before his majority. They both declare they will not marry, and will contest the will. Mrs. Howard, the mother of Mina, was a former sweetheart of Mr. Durand.

Two members of the Iowa House of Representatives, who thought that the salary allowed them by law was more than their legislative services were worth, have returned a portion of their pay to the State Treasury, the money to be placed to the fund for the insane. These gentlemen are the Hon. Samuel Breckinridge, of Marion county, and the Hon. L. Haskill, of Monroe county. Mr. Breckinridge returned $150, leaving him $400 for his services; and Mr. Haskill returned $220, leaving for his services $330. Mr. Breckinridge is an Anti-Monopolist, and Mr. Haskill a Republican.

A SMALL boat from the screw steamer Montana arrived at San Francisco from San Diego, with Wells, Fargo & Co.'s messenger and Captain Heffron, the Pacific Mail Company's agent at Acapulco, who reported the Montana outside, waiting their return from delivering dispatches. They report that on March 15th the Calima lost three blades of her propeller, near Palinto Cerros Island, off the coast of Southern California, and sent the boat's crew to San Diego, who, after battling head winds for nine days, were picked up by the Montana ninety miles south of San Diego.

THE prosperity of the lumber business of Wisconsin and Minnesota in any one year is largely dependent upon the weather in both Winter and Spring. The mildness of last winter enabled the cutters to get an unusually large number of logs ready for the market, but the early melting of the snow on the mountains will, it is feared, rise to freshets, and thus prevent logging. Warm days and freezing nights during March regulate the flow of melted snow, so as to make a favorable season for driving operations, but this year all the snow is melting at once, and threatened freshets are reported from the lumbering streams of the Northwest.

A COUPLE were arranging terms for a separation, to avoid the scandal of a judicial divorce, and a friend had been employed by the husband to negotiate the matter. The latest mission was in reference to a ring given to the wife before marriage by the husband. For this he would make a certain much desired concession. The friend made the demand. "What!" said the indignant wife, "do you venture to charge yourself with such a mission to me? Could you believe that I could tear myself from a gift which alone recalls me to the days when my husband loved me? No! this ring is my only souvenir of happiness forever departed! 'Tis all" and here she wept—"that I now possess of a once fond husband." The lady supplicated, grew obstinate, grew desperate, threatened to submit to a public divorce as a lesser evil than parting with the cherished ring, and at last confessed that she had sold it six months before.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,

No. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
CHARTERED IN 1867.

ASSETS January 1, 1873, - $778,351 56.

OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, James Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinley, Secretary and Treasurer.

A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.

Solicitor—John H. Bailey.

POSTPONEMENT.

Louisville Library Scheme.

We always said so; but if you want a nice Satinwood or Inlaid Pearl Hair Brush, or a French Plate Rosewood or Mahogany Mirror, Buffalo Horn or Turquoise Shell Comb, Nail, Tooth, Clothes or Hair Brush of any kind or description, you can always find what you want at the Drug and Family Medicine Store of

JOSEPH BROWNE,
Corner Penn avenue and Sixth street.

N. B.—No postponement so far as heard from.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Hutchison & Co.

Iron Working Machinery
AND
MACHINISTS' SUPPLIES,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
28 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

THOMAS HARPER,

Manufacturer of
WAGONS, CARTS, DRAYS, FLOATS.
Timber Wheels,
WHEELBARROWS, &c.
Wheels and Material furnished to order.
Office and Works—233 Beaver Avenue.
ALLEGHENY CITY.

THE WAY TO DO IT.

BY M. M. D.

I'll tell you how I speak a piece:
First I make my bow;
Then I bring my words out clear
And plain as I know how.

Next I throw my hands up so *so!*
Then I lift my eyes—
That's to let my hearers know
Something doth surprise.

Next I grin and show my teeth,
Nearly every one;
Shake my shoulders, hold my sides:
That's the sign of fun.

Next I start and knit my brow,
Hold my head erect:
Something's wrong, you see, and I
Decidedly object.

Then I wabble at my knees,
Clutch at shadows near,
Tremble well from top to toe:
That's the sign of fear.

Soon I scowl, and with a leap
Seize an airy dagger.
"WRETCH!" I cry. That's tragedy,
Every soul to stagger.

Then I let my voice grow faint,
Gasp and hold my breath;
Tumble down and plunge about:
That's a villain's death.

Quickly then I come to life,
Perfectly restored,
With a bow my speech is done.
Now, you'll please applaud.

—*From St. Nicholas for April.*

Casualties on Massachusetts Railroads.

The following statement, says the Boston *Transcript*, is made from the annual railroad returns to the Massachusetts Legislature, since 1868:

The number of passengers carried over the steam railroads in the State in 1869 was 28,126,391; in 1870 (ten months) 24,721,532; in 1871, 32,816,818; in 1872, 36,059 663; in 1873, 42,398,001. Total number since 1868, 164,122,405. Of these 115 were fatally injured, 31 of the number having been killed through the negligence of employes, and the remainder in consequence of their own carelessness, mainly in leaving or getting upon a train in motion. Since 1868, 273 employes have been killed, and 18 of them in consequence of coming in contact with bridges while on top of the cars. In 1869, the number of men employed was 11,936; in 1873, the number had increased to 20,182. Two hundred and seventy-seven persons were run over and killed while walking or lying upon the track, viz.: 40 in 1869, 39 in 1870 (ten months,) 57 in 1871, 70 in 1872, and 62 in 1873. The number of passengers carried over the horse railroads in the State in 1869, was 32,480,505; in 1870 (ten months), 27,224,837; in 1871, 36,776,095; in 1872, 40,274,169; in 1873, 43,558,636. Total number since 1868, 180,312,742. Seventeen persons were fatally injured, and 76 received injuries not fatal, by attempting to enter or leave a car while in motion.

Gabbling at Concerts.

This grave matter of disturbing public entertainments by talk has been treated quite too leniently heretofore, as a sort of privileged question. It is not such, but comes under the familiar head of nuisances and disturbances generally. For so gross an infringement of private right there is a remedy, and we look to see some person held in such esteem by the community that his motives will not be questioned, proceed to the vindication of this private right in an emphatic manner. The man who pays for a seat at a concert is entitled not to the occupation of the seat merely, but to the quiet enjoyment of it. He is not called upon to spend the evening in keeping his neighbors in order. This is guaranteed him, either by the parties selling the seat, or else by municipal law. If this is not so, then the old systems of headpunching and personal violence will be revived. Sensitive people will not much longer submit to paying the now ruling prices of popular entertainments with the chance of even the possibility of sitting next some bore of an elbower, who beats time with his heels through the pianissimo sentiment, and giggles with inane but audible delight at every fiery outbreak of, to him, unfathomable passion.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.
ELLSLER & GOTTHOLD.....Lessees and Managers.
Last appearance of
Miss Lydia Thompson
And her Burlesque Organization,
Saturday Matinee,
KENILWORTH.
Saturday Evening, Double Bill,
ALADDIN and SINBAD.
Monday—T. G. RIGGS in "Shin Fane."

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
V. E. BEAMER.....Lessee.
Engagement of the brilliant young artist
MISS KATIE PUTNAM,
Who will appear MONDAY, April 6th, in her remarkable dual character of Lisbie Neil and the Marchioness in the original adaptation of Dickens' popular story,
THE OLD CURIOSITY SHOP.
During the week the following beautiful plays will be presented: THE CHILD-WIFE; MRS. G'S DIVERSION; CHILD OF THE REGIMENT; WORLD AND STAGE; EAST LYNNE, BLADE O'GRASS.
Box Office open for the sale of seats at the Academy of Music Box office Friday morning.

GRAND CONCERT BY THE
Yale College Glee Club,
16 Male Voices, in aid of the
YALE BOAT CLUB
AT LIBRARY HALL,
FRIDAY EVENING, April 10th 1874.
College Songs, Choruses, Warlike, &c.
Admission 75c; reserved seats 50c extra. Sale of reserved seats commences on Monday, April 6th, at Hamilton and Allison and after that date at Mellor & Hoene's Music Store. The Steinway Grand Piano furnished by Kleber & Brother.

LIBRARY HALL. KELLOGG.
C. D. HESS & CO.....Directors.
Commencing Monday Evening, April 6.
FIVE NIGHTS AND ONE MATINEE.
By the eminently successful
KELLOGG ENGLISH
OPERA COMPANY.
Comprising America's own Prima Donna,
MISS CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG,
MRS. SEGUIN, JOSEPH MAAS, W. M. CARLTON, G. F. HALL, EDW. SEGUIN,
MISS STARRIDD, THEO. HABELMANN, HENRY PEAKES, EUGENE CLARKE, J. PENNICH, etc.,
And the eminent American Prima Donna,
MADAME ISABELLA BRIGNOLI,
her first appearance upon the English Opera Stage, and first appearance in America since her return from Europe.
FULL CHORUS AND GRAND ORCHESTRA.
The following attractive Repertoire will be performed:
Monday Evening, April 6—MARTHA.
Miss KELLOGG.....Lady Henriette.
Tuesday—MARITANA.
Mme. BRIGNOLI.....Maritana.
Wednesday—THE MARRIAGE OF FIGARO.
(Their Prima Donna.)
Miss KELLOGG, Mme. BRIGNOLI, Mrs. SEGUIN.
Thursday—IL TROVATORE.
Miss KELLOGG.....Leonora.
Saturday, at 2 o'clock—KELLOGG MATINEE.
FRA DIAVOLO (New Version).
Saturday Night—CROWN DIAMONDS.
Reserved Seats $1.50 and $2.00, according to location.
Sale of Seats commences Thurs ay, April 2d, at 8 A. M., at Hale's Music store, 103 Smithfield street.
See Circulars at all Music Stores for full cast of all Operas. mh30

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE
Superior Lumber Co.
Has now on hand a large stock of DRY
PINE AND HEMLOCK JOIST,
PINE, OAK AND CHESTNUT PLANK,
BOARDS, LATHS,
Pickets, &c.,
At the very lowest prices.
OFFICES and YARDS, 22d and Railroad Streets. 29th and Liberty Streets.

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Edward's
NATURAL POLISH.
The Best Article in the World for all Purposes.
It will clean and polish anything and everything from the finest Gold Jewelry to the worst tarnished Locomotive, Fire Engine or Kitchen Utensil.
For Sale by all Druggists and Grocers.
AGENTS WANTED to travel and introduce it through the country. Call and get a circular.
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CARRIAGE BUILDER,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
OPEN AND TOP BUGGIES,
Buck Wagons, Doctors' Phaetons, &c.
No. 89 THIRD AVENUE,
Special attention given to repairing. mh4-v73

Duff's College
No. 37 FIFTH AVENUE,
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The oldest and most reliable institution for obtaining a MERCANTILE EDUCATION.
For Circulars, write to
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New Fancy Goods.
Linen Collars and Cuffs, Gilt Balls and Chains.
Heavy Blue Collars and Cuffs, Gilt Balls and Chains,
Fancy Collars and Cuffs, Oxydized Balls and Chains.
Embroidered Printed Linen Collars.
NEW WHITE BROCADE SCARFS.
White Silk Handkerchiefs, with Blue, Cherry and Black Borders.
New Sash and Bonnet Ribbons.
New Spring and Summer styles of Hats.
New spring and Summer styles of Bonnets.
New Spring styles of French Bonnets.
New Spring Flowers, Wreaths, &c.
Scarlet, White and Buff Java Canvas Bergmann Zephyrs.
An excellent line of long and short Hair Switches, real and imitation.
Whitby Jet Sets and Ear Drops.
Hard Rubber Ear Drops.
Bail and Dart Drops, in silver and gold frosted.
Gilt Filigree Ear Drops.
New Bogwood, Gilt, Silver and Table Rock.
Bali Ear Drops.
Bail Scarf Holders, in Silver and Gold.
Silver and Pearl Darts for Hats, new and handsome.
Navy Blue Anchor and Sling for Hats.
Jet and Pearl Mixed Ornaments for Hats.
Sleeve Buttons, Studs, &c., &c.
Silver and Oxydized Vinaigrettes.
A large stock of Embroideries, Edgings, Yak Laces, Guipure Laces, &c.
LADIES' SATCHELS
The "Giant" Fan—new.
Parasols and Silk Umbrellas.
A Full Line of Novelties
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

SPRING GOODS.
197 AND 199 PENN AVE.
SILKS.
We have just opened our new lines of
Black and Fancy Dress Silks,
For the Present season, to which we invite the attention of buyers. Our
BLACK SILKS
are of the very best makes, including "GOLDEN WHEEL" and C. J. BONNET & CO., CASHMERE DE LOIE. All at
Reduced Prices.
IN FANCY STRIPED SILKS
We offer Choice Styles at less than last season's prices.
Plain Dress Silks,
In all new Dark Shades, and in Evening Tints.
BLACK TORQUOISE, AND BLACK GRAS DE SUES,
For Trimming.
New Hamburg Embroideries.
New Styled Linen Collars and Cuffs.
All the late styles in Neck Ruchings.
Latest Novelties in Ladies' Neck Handkerchiefs and Neck Ties.
Fine French Corsets.
Ready Made Muslin Undergarments of Superior Quality and Finish.
French Cambric Hosiery, plain and striped.
Real Balbriggon Hosiery.
Merino Underwear, Silk Underwear.
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NEW GOODS EVERY DAY,
AT LOWEST PRICES.
JOS. HORNE & CO.,
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CARPETS,
LATEST STYLES.
Oil Cloths. Oil Cloths,
BEST DESIGNS.
SHADES AND SHADE CLOTH
IN GREAT VARIETY.
We offer a large and well selected stock at LOWEST CASH PRICES.
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
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WM. M. FABER,
367 Liberty Street,
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STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
Machinery,
STEAM PUMPS,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
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Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
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Manufacturers and Dealers
IN THE
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New Cone Furnaces
WELLMAN REFLECTOR
Grates and Stoves,
MARBELIZED
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ALSO
Common Fronts and Grates,
HOT AIR REGISTERS AND VENTILATORS, &c.
C. F. AHLERS,
Merchant Tailor,
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Third Door from Sixth avenue,
mh23:n56 PITTSBURGH, PA.
MERCHANT TAILOR.
B. TIEGEL,
NO. 53 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Just received, a full line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, for Spring wear, at LOWEST PRICES.
JOHN T. GRAY,
House and Sign Painter,
84 NINTH STREET,
ALL WORK WARRANTED. The best material in the market used. Rates the most reasonable in the city. fe13-x39

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Real Bargains!
At 12½c, Extra Value in Fine Bleached Muslin, never sold so Low before.
At 10c, Half Bleached Muslin.
At 6¼c, New Fast Colored Prints.
At 8½c, Some of the Best Prints.
At 9c, A Very Fine Brown Muslin.
At 12½c, Fine Damask Crash—assorted.
At 11c, Fine Soft Finished Bleached Muslin.
At 8½c, All Linen Towels and Toweling.
At 12½c, An Extra Bargain in Towels.
Glazed Furniture Chintzes.
Shirting and Furniture Checks.
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Damasks for Windows,
Bed Dimity, &c., &c.
Carpets,
Oil Cloths
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Lace Curtains, Cornices,
Window Blinds, &c., &c.
REAL BARGAINS
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FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
IRISH LINEN.
We have received our Spring Importation of Irish Linens, manufactured by Richardson, Son & Owden, and selected expressly for our trade. It consists of Light, Medium and Heavy
Shirting Linen,
Pillow Linen,
Damask Table Linen,
Napkins, Doylies.
LADIES' AND GENTS'
Linen Handkerchiefs,
A LARGE STOCK.
Also, a complete stock of
Nottingham Lace Curtains,
From the Manufacturer.
We respectfully solicit an examination of the above goods, believing them to be the best ever brought to this city.
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
NO. 25 FIFTH AVENUE.

DRY GOODS!
English Walking Jackets,
Shawls, Blankets, Merinos,
Serges, Cashmeres,
AND ALL
Winter Dress Goods
Selling at Greatly Reduced Prices.
Table Linens, Sheetings and Shirtings very cheap at
H. J. LYNCH'S,
No. 96 Market Street.

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THE
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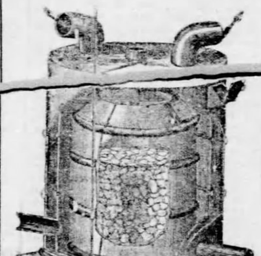
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BOSTON RANGE,
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Parlor and Cook Stoves,
Fine and Common Enameled Grate Fronts, Fine and Common Enameled Fenders, Nickel Plated Grate Fronts, Nickel Plated Fenders, Wash House Furniture, Wash House Stoves, Coal Hole Doors.
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CHOICE AMERICAN PAPERS
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Frescoe Painted Tints,
Nicer than Paint and Superior to Varnish. A patent preparation in Oil. Sold exclusively by
W. P. MARSHALL,
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GOOD INVESTMENT
MUNICIPAL BONDS,
Paying 8 and 10 Per Cent.
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CHIMNEYS SWEPT.
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Of all kinds repaired and made to work satisfactorily. FANCY GRATED SET, and all kinds of CHIMNEY TOPS.
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Work done on carpets without making dirt. Entire satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. mh15:n66

DRY GOODS.
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BARGAINS
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At 25c, Fine Black and Colored Alpacas, full width, and extra good quality—a most decided bargain.
At 12½c, New Spring Dress Goods, all colors.
At 18¾c, New Dress Goods, in great variety.
Fine Alpacas, in all desirable colors.
Choice New Spring Poplins.
Fine All-Wool Cashmeres, in new Spring shades.
Single and Double width Poplins.
Children's Dress Goods of every description.
Black and Colored Dress Goods, at lowest prices.
Black Alpacas and Mohairs.
Special attention is requested to this department, in which will be found Alpacas and Mohairs at prices fully one-fourth to one-third less than the market value. Owing to this fact we have made arrangements for an almost unlimited supply during the season.
At 25c, Black Alpacas, full width, good color and quality.
At 40c, Fine Black Mohair—well worth 50c.
At 50c, Extra Fine Black Mohair Alpaca—usual price 65c to 70c.
At 75c, Super Finish Mohair, that will compare favorably with goods usually sold for $1.
At 87½c and $1, Finest Black Mohairs.
Mourning Dress Goods in all desirable fabrics and qualities, at lowest prices.
Ladies' Suits, Shawls and Outside Garments, latest styles.
Ladies' Suits, most fashionable styles, well made.
Ladies, Waiting Jackets, new Spring designs.
Cashmere and cloth Sacques, in great variety.
New spring Shawls of every description.
Bargains in Goods for men and boys' wear.
At 27½c, an extra bargain in Cassimeres.
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At 75c to $1, most decided bargains in Cassimeres.
Fine Cassimeres at very low prices.
Jeans and Tweeds, in great variety.
New and Desirable Goods
OPENING DAILY
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WM. SEMPLE'S,
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FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
Bona Fide Reductions
ON
PANIC PRICES.
Winter Undershirts and Drawers,
A complete line at 20 to 50 cents on the dollar off.
Fine English and French Cloth Gloves,
AT LESS THAN HALF-PRICE.
Fine Dress Shirts, French Yoke,
At 20 per cent. discount.
Hamburg Embroideries, Linen Handkerchiefs, Real and Imitation Laces, Ribbons, Scarfs, &c.,
At one-half their former value.
EMBOSSED FELT SKIRTS,
At 75c, $1.00 and $1.50 each.
Owing to a change in our firm soon to take place, bargains can now be had.
Macrum & Carlisle,
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DRS. KING & LE MOYNE
HAVE REMOVED TO
103 Fourth Avenue,
apl nioe A few doors above Wood street.
Pittsburgh Flint Glass Works.
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Bakewell, Pears & Co.
Factory, Office and Warehouse—Bingham street, between 8th and 9th streets, South Side, Pittsburgh.
J. P. PEARS....B. B. CAMPBELL....B. BAKEWELL, JR.
REMOVAL!
The undersigned have removed their Office and Warehouses to their GLASS WORKS, Bingham street, between 8th and 9th streets, South Side.
Orders by mail or left at J. L. Dawes, Son & Co.'s, 98 Third avenue, or at A. C. Bakewell & Co.'s, 75 Wood street, will

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And Safe Deposit Co.,
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Interest allowed on Deposits. Short Loans on Valuable Property, Real or Personal. Discounts daily.
Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Saturdays from 7 to 9 P. M.
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Exchange on Germany, France, England and Switzerland at lowest rates. Collections made promptly on all parts of the United States and Canadas. Particular attention given to all business of correspondents.
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6 Per Cent. per annum upon daily balances—from inactive non-borrowing accounts—payable on demand.
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Special agreements relating to interest made.
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W. M. MOCHLING, President.
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DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, April 4, 1874.

Yesterday was a quiet day in business circles, it being in this State a legal holiday. In New York, the various exchanges were also closed. Nothing of special interest remains to be noted, so far as it may refer to the operations of yesterday.

At a meeting of the managers of the Kanawha and the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis Railroads, in Chicago, Wednesday, it was decided to pool the earnings of the two companies. The cause of the consolidation was the decrease in the receipts, and it is expected that the new arrangement will reduce expenses and increase facilities.

The Hubbard Postal Telegraph bill, which was reported favorably in the Senate yesterday, from the Postoffice Committee, names G. C. Hubbard and associates as a Postal Telegraph Company, making the condition that it shall contract with the Postmaster General for the transmission of correspondence by telegraph at the rates and in accordance with provisions prescribed in the bill, and heretofore published.

By the will of the late Joseph Harrison, Jr., who died possessed of an estate valued at some six millions of dollars, the Philadelphia Trust, Safe Deposit and Insurance Company of this city is made the permanent and continuing trustee of the testator's residuary estate. This is probably the largest individual trust confided to and our trust companies.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company proposes to reduce their force of brakemen, in consequence of having provided nearly all their trains with patent air-brakes.

COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, April 3, 1874.

While business generally is still reported slow and unsatisfactory, it appears to be picking up slightly, nevertheless, and in view of the very limited demand for all the leading staples during the past month, a largely increased trade is confidently expected during the present month. If the currency question was only definitely disposed of, there is no doubt but what business would soon revive very perceptibly, but we do not look for much of an improvement as long as it hangs in its present unsettled condition in Congress; the indications, however, are that Congress will dispose of the matter as soon as possible—the sooner the better.

APPLES—There is a very fair demand—no change—Baldwins in prices, $3.50 to $3.50 per bbl., as to quality.

BUTTER—Scarce and firm at 40c per gallon.

BEANS—$2.25 @ $2.35 ₩ bushel.

BUTTER—Continues to come in pretty freely and the market is easier although strictly prime butter is still holding its own; sales at 15@20c for dairy to fair; 23@25 for medium to good, and 28@30 for prime to choice.

CHEESE—Prime New York Factory quotable at 14@15c in job lots.

CRANBERRIES—Quotable at from $15@18 ₩ brl, as to quality and condition.

DRIED FRUIT—Is quiet and unchanged. Apples, @10c. Peaches, 10@13 for mixed, and 14@16 for halves.

EGGS—The market continues fairly active, and, as noted in our last, there is a firmer feeling on the part of holders generally; may be fairly quoted at 15c. Some dealers quoted at 16, but we heard of no sales above 15.

FLOUR—There is a very fair local trade, but sales are small as a rule, and prices are without change. Spring wheat flours, $6 75@7 25; red winters, $7 75@8 25; white wheat, $8@10. Rye Flour $5.50@6.75.

GROCERIES—While trade is not active by any means, some of our merchants report that it is improving, and they are calculating on a largely increased demand for almost everything in this category within the next week or two. Our New York dispatch, of Thursday, reports Coffee more active, and if so, it is fair to infer, a stronger market, although the dispatch in question did not say so. There is no change to note in sugars, and the market is devoid of any features deserving of notice.

Coffee—Choice Rio, 20; prime, 20; good, 20, fair, 19¾. Roasted, 29 to 30 for 1 pound packages; loose, 26@28c.

Sugars—Patent Cut Loaf, 12½; Crushed, Powdered and Granulated, 11c; Standard A, 10¾; B, 10; Ex. C, 9¾; Circle C, 9¾; Franklin C, 9¾; Union A, 9¾; Empire A, 9¾; American Extra C, 9; Yellow Sugars, 8 to 9, as to quality.

GRAIN—The grain trade is still reported dull and unsatisfactory; the arrivals continue light but the demand is confined entirely to supplying immediate wants, and dealers report that there is little or no margin on what is selling—some kinds of grain, it is said, can scarcely be laid down at current selling rates. The Ohio market continues slow, and prices, if anything, are a shade lower; we reduce our quotations, by the earliest, to 54@56c. Wheat continues quiet and unchanged; sales of fair to prime Ohio red at $1.40@1.45—white is worth from 1 to 2c ₩ bushel more. Ear Corn continues quiet and unchanged; supply is about equal to the demand, and prices remain as last quoted, 70@71c. Rye is quiet and steady at 85@88c.

HOMINY—$3.50@3.75 ₩ brl.

HAY—Loose was selling from country wagons in Allegheny to day at $20@22 ₩ ton, and the market was reported slow. Baled is still quotable at $18@22, according to quality and condition.

POTATOES—The arrivals during the week have been comparatively light, but the supply is still fully equal to the demand, and prices remain unchanged; sales in a jobbing way at $1.25 to $1.50 ₩ bushel, the outside figure for prime Peach Blows.

MAPLE SYRUP—Gallon jugs quotable at from $1.25 to $1.35. Maple sugar, 12@14.

ONIONS—Dull at $4@5 per brl.

POULTRY—Dressed Chickens in demand, with sales at 12@14c. Dressed Turkeys, 16@17.

PROVISIONS—Hams, canvased Sugar Cured, 13. Extra Sugar Cured hams, plain, ₩ lb, 12½. Extra Sugar Cured Shoulders, 9¾. Sugar Cured Breakfast Bacon, 13 cts. Extra Sugar Cured Dried Beef, 16¾. Beef tongues, $7.50 per dozen. Bacon Shoulders, per lb, 8c. Bacon Rib Sides, 9¾c. Bacon Short Rib Sides, 9¾c. Bacon Clear Rib Sides, 10½c. Mess Pork, $17.00 per barrel. Refined Lard for summer use, in tres, 10¾. Do, half bbls, 11¼c. Do, bkts 11¾. Do, in 5 lb. caddies, 12c. Do, in 3 lb. pails, 12¾c ₩ pound. Do, in 5 lb. pails, 13. Do in 5 lb. pails, 13¼. Ham Sausage, 10c.

SEEDS—The market is quiet and unchanged. Clover Seed, $5.75@6.25. Timothy, $2@2.25. Flax Seed, $2 25@2 30.

WHISKY—Highwines, 93@$1.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, April 4, 1874.

The Crude market opened up strong to day at $1.20@1.22¾ ₩ brl at Parker, but subsequently, under the influence of the report of a new five hundred barrel well having been struck in a new territory, it weakened and closed with offers to sell at $1.18¾. Refined continues fairly active, with considerable inquiry, both for present and future delivery, but prices as compared with Thursday, were without quotable change. On cars here to go east, 12¾ for April and 13 for May; delivered in Philadelphia, 15¾ for April; 16@16¼ for May, and 16¾@16¾c for June. We understand a number of our refiners contemplate starting up again soon, and if so, there are in good shape for so doing, as they are well stocked with Crude, the bulk of which was purchased before the recent advance.

Oil barrels firmer with but few offerings, but prices are without quotable change.

CRUDE OIL RECEIVED BY ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

Shipper	Consignee.	Bbls.
Fisher Bros.	Standard O. W.	162
Bushnell	Standard O. W.	614
Total.		776

REFINED OIL SHIPPED EAST ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R. & WEST PENNA. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Livingston Bros.	Warden F. & Co.	107

(Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SMITH'S FERRY, Beaver Co., Pa., April 3, 1874.

Crude oil at C. & P. R. R. Station ₩ brl. $1.30; at wells, 90c.

Nashville.

NASHVILLE, April 3.—Cotton: demand light at 18@18½c. Flour, Grain and Provisions quiet and unchanged. Whisky steady and in moderate demand at 97c.

PITTSBURGH IRON AND NAIL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, April 3, 1874.

Trade in finished irons continues moderately active, the best evidence of which is that the mills very generally are working to their full capacity; it is true, orders have slacked off somewhat within the past few weeks, and the demand is not so urgent, yet, after all, the outlook is not discouraging. The impression prevails that trade will hold up pretty well during the balance of the season, and once the financial policy of the government has been fully determined, we would not be surprised if it should take a fresh start again. Stocks are known to be comparatively light in the hands of both jobbers and consumers, and if expansion is to be policy of the Government, and the indications point in that direction at this writing, values of all kinds of goods will appreciate, from necessity, and this will create a general desire to stock up largely, will stimulate the demand, and strengthen the market. The card has been reduced three tenths of a cent all around; there has been no change in actual selling rates, however, which have been comfortably below the card for several months. Three cents is now the card for merchant bars, whereas the actual selling rates are $2.75@3, that is for a round lot. Manufacturers claim that there is little or no margin for profit, taking present rates of the raw material as a basis, say $2 for merchant bars and $23 a ton, for pig, that the former is lower relatively than the latter.

The Nail trade is not as brisk as it has been orders are reported as having slacked off very considerably within the past week or two, yet the factories, both here and at Wheeling, still have nearly all they can do, and the probability is that this will continue during the balance of the season. Prices, however, are weaker, and quotations may be put down as follows: 4d to 10d, $3.75, net cash. Following are the card rates carefully revised and corrected up to date:

FLAT BAR.

1½ to 4 by ⅝ to 1 inch	2 10c	1¼ and 1½ by ⅜ to ⅝ inch	2 10c
4½ to 6 by ⅝ to 1 inch	3 00c	1 and 1¼ by ⅜ to ⅝ inch	2 10c
1½ to 6 by 1¼ to 1½ inch	3 2 10c	1¼ to 6 by ⅝ to ⅞ inch	3 2 10c
7 to 8 by ⅝ to 1¼ in.	3 4 10c	1¼ to 8 by 1¼ to 2 in.	3 4 10c
	4 00c		4 00c

SQUARES AND ROUNDS.

1 to 1¾ inch	3 60c	⅝ to 7-16 inch	3 7 10c
1¾ to 2¾ inch	3 4 10c	½ inch	3 6 10c
1 to 3¾ inch	3 5 10c	5-16 inch	4 2 10c
⅞ to 1 inch	4 00c	⅜ inch	4 1 10c
⅞ to 1 inch	4 2 00c	⅜ inch	5 6 10c
⅞ to 9-16 inch	3 4 10c		

HORSE SHOE.

All sizes. 4 5 10c

HEAVY BANDS.

3½ to 6 by ¼ and 5-16 inch	3 4 10c	⅝ to 1⅜ by ¼ and 5-16 inch	3 4 10c
1½ to 3¾ by ¼ and 5-16 inch	3 7 10c	⅝ to 1⅜ by ⅜ and 5-16 inch	4 2 10c

LIGHT BANDS.

2 to 6 by 2-16 to No. 12	4 00c	1 to 1¾ by 2-16 to No. 12	5 6 10c
1½ to 2¾ by 2-16 to No. 12	4 5 10c	⅝ to ⅞ by 2-16 to No. 12	5 2 10c

HOOPS.

2¼ to 3 inch	4 5c	¾ inch	5 8 10c
2½ to 4¾ inch	4 10c	⅝ inch	6 00c
2¾ to 4¾ inch	4 1 10c	½ inch	6 4 10c
1⅜ to 1¾ inch	5 1 10c	⅜ inch	7 00c
1⅛ to 1¾ inch	5 2 10c	⅜ inch	7 5 10c

OVAL IRON.

⅝ to 1¼ inch	3 10c	¾ inch	3 00c
⅝ to 1 inch	3 4 10c	½ inch	4 10c

PLATE, ROUND AND HALF ROUND.

⅝ to 1¼ inch	3 10c	⅝ inch	5 10c
⅝ to 1 inch	4 10c	½ inch	6 10c
Fluted & Star Lighting Rod	5 40c	Wagon box iron, ¼ and ⅜ inch	5 1 10c

TANK IRON.

3-16, ¼ and ⅜ inch	Boiler	Heads, flanging	9 00c
Thick	3 10c	Flow plates	10 00c
Boiler plate	3 00c	Flow rings	6 4 00c
Heads, not flanging, 4 2-10c			

SHEET IRON.

	Rolled.	Charcoal.	Juniata.
No. 10 to 14	3 00c	4 5-10c	5 0c
No. 15 to 20	3 10c	7 7-10c	8 10c
No. 21 to 24	4 00c	9 10c	10 00c
No. 25 to 26	5 00c	7 1-10c	8 4-10c
No. 27	4 00c	7 5-10c	8 4-10c

All sheets over 28 in. wide 1c per lb extra.

EXTRAS FOR CUTTING TO LENGTH.

Flat bars for horseshoeing and squares	1-10c
Flat bars for tire	1-10c
Heavy Bands	1-10c
Light bands and wagon box iron	1-10c
Hoops	1-10c
Oval, Half Oval and Half Round	1-10c

CUT NAILS, BRADS, SPIKES, ETC.

	Per keg.
10d to 60d nails, fence and brads	4 00c
8d and 9d nails, fence and brads	4 25c
6d and 7d nails, fence and brads	4 62½c
4d and 5d nails	5 00c
3d nails	5 62½c
2d nails	6 25c
1d nails	6 87½c
2d fine	7 87½c

BARREL.	CLINCH.
¾ inch	7 12½ Clinch nails	$5 87½
1 inch	6 62½ CUT SPIKES.	4 37½
1¼ inch	5 87½ 3 to 6 inch	
1½ inch	5 62½	
2 inch	5 62½	

TERMS—Less 12½ cents per keg, sixty days. Two per cent allowed only in case invoices are paid for in ten days from date.

Plastering Nails—¾ in. $1.62½; 1 in. $2.62½.

Finishing Nails—Advanced $1.25 from 40 to 60.

Lining Nails—¾ inch, $4.62½.

Casing Nails—$2 per keg advance on common.

Clinch Nails—50c per keg advance on common.

Prices subject to the change of the market without notice.

ABATEMENT—On Nail ordered in lots of 100 kegs, or over, 12½ cents per keg.

TERMS—60 days or discount of ½ per cent for cash, if remitted on receipt of invoice. Payable to be made in New York Exchange U. S. Treasury Notes or their equivalent. No discount on bills of less amount than $50.00.

PIG IRON AND BLOOM MARKET—WEEKLY REVIEW.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, April 3, 1874.

There has been considerable activity in pig iron during the past week, the volume of business in the aggregate having been unusually large, and while there is no quotable improvement to note in prices, the market, as might be expected, is considerably firmer. Good mill irons may be fairly quoted at $17@17½ cash, and $18@18½, 4 mos, and it is said that there were more buyers than sellers within the past day or two at quotations. It would appear, in view of the largely increased purchases, that consumers have become pretty well convinced that prices have almost, if not altogether, touched the bottom notch, and that the present action of Congress looking toward an increase of the currency, has not been without its effect. It is claimed by those who are in a position to know, that pig iron is now, and has been for some time past, considerably below the actual cost of making it, hence many operators regard it as good property at present rates.

Following sales were reported:

BITUMINOUS COAL SMELTED FROM L. S. ORE.

200 tons Gray Forge R S	$23	00 4 mos
50 tons No. 1 Foundry	32	00 4 mos
50 tons Silvery	34	00 4 mos
500 tons Gray Forge	26	00 4 mos
200 tons Gray Forge	27	00 4 mos
200 tons Gray Forge	27	00 cash
100 tons Gray Forge	27	00 cash
100 tons White and Mottled	26	50 4 mos
200 tons Gray Forge Red Short	25	50 4 mos
100 tons Gray Forge Red Short	26	00 4 mos
200 tons Foundry	28	50 4 mos
100 tons Gray Forge	30	00 4 mos
1000 tons Gray Forge	27	00 4 mos
400 tons Cold Short	28	00 4 mos
800 tons Gray Forge	27	50 4 mos
	27	00 5 mos

ANTHRACITE.

100 tons No. 1 Foundry at fur.	20	00 4 mos
50 tons No. 2 Foundry	23	00 4 mos
30 tons No. 1 Foundry	33	00 4 mos
10 tons No. 1 Foundry	43	00 4 mos

CONNELLSVILLE COKE.

200 tons Gray Forge	$23	00 4 mos
50 tons Gray Forge	27	00 cash
50 tons White and Mottled	26	00 cash
100 tons Gray Cold Short	27	00 5 mos
50 tons Soft Silvery	28	00 4 mos

HANGING ROCK CHARCOAL.

30 tons No. 1 Foundry	41	00 4 mos
25 tons No. 1 Foundry	40 to 41	00 4 mos

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago.

FLOUR—Steady at $6.50@6.75.

GRAIN—Wheat: demand active and prices advanced; No 1 spring $1.28; No 2 $1 21; No 3 $1.15@1.18½; rejected $1.09. Corn steady and in moderate demand; No 2 mixed 62c regular; 63c strictly fresh spot; cash April; 62¾@63c seller May. Oats steady and in moderate demand; No 2 44c spot; 44½c seller May. Rye: demand fair and market firm; No 1 fresh 93@93½c. Barley dull and nominal; No 2 $1.04@1.05.

PROVISIONS—Pork: demand active and prices advanced to $14.90 spot; $16.05 seller May. Lard steady and in moderate demand at $9 10 spot and April. Bulk meats quiet and nominally 5c higher; sales shoulders 6c; short rib middles 9½c, both loose, at Milwaukee prices. Bacon: demand light and prices unchanged. Hams: demand fair and market firm and unchanged.

WHISKY—Steady and in moderate demand at 96c.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, April 3.—Flour dull; extra $6.80; double $6.87; family $8@9. Corn in fair supply and good demand, while offerings limited; white 90@92c. Oats quiet at 65@65c; bran $1.40. Hay dull; prime $17; choice $18. Pork dull at $16.50. Bacon: sides dull at 6¾@6¾c; shoulders 5¾@5¾c. Bacon dull at 7½@9¾; clear 9¾@10c. Sugar dull and unchanged. Molasses: boiling dull; Muscovado 52c; Cuba 56c; choice 60c. Coffee unchanged. Corn meal firm at $3.50@3.60.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, April 3.—Cotton steady at 18¾c. Flour and Barley dull and unchanged. Wheat dull at $1.46. Corn steady at 64@65c. Oats dull at 45@47c. Rye steady at $1.05@1.06. Provisions firm and unchanged. Lard quiet and steady; steam 9¾c; kettle 9¾c. Bulk meats quiet and steady at 6, 6¼@6¾c; all loose. Bacon: demand fair and prices advanced to 6¾, 6¾, 9¾@9¾c, all packed. Whisky: demand fair and market firm at 97c.

Cotton.

NEW ORLEANS, April 3.—Cotton: demand confined to small lots to meet current requirements; sales of 1,200 bales at previous prices. The Exchange and banks were closed, Good Friday being a legal holiday; receipts 1,786 bales; exports to Great Britain, 2,300; to the Continent, 238,922; stock 180,000; week's sales 20,600; receipts, 11,000; exports, 18,677; exports to continent 12,000; coastwise, 6,000; Great Britain 1,500.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, April 3.—Flour quiet at $5.85@6.50. Wheat steady and in moderate demand; No 1 white Michigan $1.33; No 2 $1.24. Oats steady and in moderate demand; No 2 fresh 44c. Corn firm; No 2 new 61c. Rye in fair demand and better; No 1 fresh 86c. Barley quiet and nominal; No 1 $1.07; No 2 $1.00.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, April 3.—Flour unchanged. Wheat unchanged. Corn: western mixed dull at 59@62c. Oats firm; western mixed 46c; do bright 48c. Rye dull. Provisions firm and unchanged. Western butter very active at a decline; strictly fine 30c; choice 28@29c. Whisky very dull at 96@96½c. Coffee nominal; good to prime Rio, cargoes, 19@20c.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, April 3.—Flour quiet, and unchanged. Wheat quiet and weak; No 1 white Michigan $1.33; extra do $1.32; amber do $1.45¾. Corn: demand fair and market firm; high mixed 67½c; seller May 68½@68¾c; seller June 70c; old do 68¾c. Oats quiet and unchanged.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, April 3.—Flour quiet at $6.50@6.90. Wheat quiet at $1.47@1.51. Corn firm at 70@72c. Oats quiet at 49@50c. Rye quiet; extra Canada white 126@128c car lots; Ohio legal test to 130 degrees 103@105c.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, April 3.—Flour unchanged. Wheat and Rye unchanged. Corn: yellow 80c. Oats firm; white 62@65c. Whisky 97½c.

Live Stock.

NEW YORK, April 3.—Beeves: to-day's receipts 217, making 8,739 for the last four days, against 8,595 for the same time last week; upwards of 50 cars intended for to-day's market were stopped at Philadelphia; demand very moderate for cattle, and prices mostly worked off at yesterday's figures, including 6 cars Illinois steers, 1,350 lbs, at 8c; 2 cars do, 8¼ c'wt, 15 cars Illinois steers, 1,300 lbs, at 8c; 2 cars do, 8¼ c'wt, 3 cars Cherokee cattle, 8 c'wt sold; 116 head from last Ohio steers, prime to fancy, 12@13c. Sheep: arrivals 1,870 head, making 5,570 for the past four days, against 11,600 for the same time last week; demand good to nothing, and there were but few fresh offerings good; hoders asking full prices, or 6½@7½c for poor to extra unshorn sheep, with a car load of fair shipped Ohio, 73 lbs, at 6½c. Swine: receipts 4,200, making 16,145 for the last four days, against 15,000 for the same time last week; none sold alive, and, with the Produce Exchange closed, the few outside sales of city dressed were at 7½c.

BUFFALO, April 3.—Cattle: receipts 880 head; total for the week 4,738; market slow, with not sufficient sales to establish prices; all fresh arrivals though consigned to speculators and local trade; receipts 4,600 head; closed firm at 7@8½ for good to prime western steers; only two car loads remaining unsold, owners holding above market; the only sale to-day was 101 head, averaging 1,400 lbs, at 8c. Hogs: receipts 4,000; total for week 21,600, against 16,700 same time last week; market active at 15c per cwt decline on heavy hogs; 7 orders $5.35@5.40; heavy hogs $5.30@5.45.

CHICAGO, April 3.—Cattle: receipts 2,854; market active and prices steady and unchanged; fair to good steers selling at 4@12½@6.20; extra $6.50; fair to good stock at $4.50@4.80; butchers cattle at $2.50@3.75; all poor to choice; shipments 2,257. Hogs: receipts 10,000; market was moderately active, but the quality was not good; sales of common to choice at $5@5.75; extra at $5.90@6; shipments 8,000. Sheep: receipts 1,200; the market was fair and the demand steady at $4.25@5 for common to extra.

WALHANT, April 3.—Cattle: receipts 9,265; market opened dull, but became brisk; a good many Texans and cheap lots cattle were offered; no premium steers; many sold at 4@4½c; most of week's prices were asked, but the sales show a decline of ¼@½c. Sheep and hogs: market quiet and dull; good sheep 10c higher; range $4@4½c for common to good.

Wool.

PHILADELPHIA, April 3.—Wool in improved demand and firmer; Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia double extra and above 48@57c; extra 44@46c; medium 42@43c; coarse 40@42c; New York, Michigan, Indiana and Western fine 42@43c; medium 40@42c; coarse 40@42c; combing unwashed 42@44c; Canada combing 42@44c; unwashed delaine 42@44c; coarse and medium washed 46@48c; fub washed 44@47c; extra and Merino pulled 46@48c; No 1 and super-extra pulled 48@50c.

RIVER NEWS.

State of the Rivers, Movements of Steamboats, &c.

The river was about stationary last evening, with 1¾ feet in channel. Weather cloudy and cool, though very favorable for out door business. There was not sufficient water to let out any coal without taking considerable risk, and trade is not in a condition just now to induce our coal merchants to take any undue risk, and besides there is not much coal ready to move.

The Mollie Ebert, Captain F. Y. Batchelor, is announced to take her departure for St. Louis next week.

The Mollie Ragon from Wheeling, Granite State from Portsmouth and towboat Stella, arrived. The Granite State and Ragon departed. The Juniata, Captain Brennan, is announced for Cincinnati forthwith.

The Ironsides will depart for St. Louis this morning with four barges, laden mainly with Pittsburgh manufactures.

The Messenger from Nashville, is due to-day. She will at once commence making engagements for a return trip.

The Fearless barges will at once commence loading for St. Louis.

Captain James C McVay has just returned from a trip South, during which he visited New Orleans.

Captain I. R. Whittaker was still in St. Louis at last accounts. He is expected home next week.

The Cincinnati Commercial of Friday contains the following: Captain J. M. Vandergrift has turned over the books and keys of the office of the Pittsburgh packet Exchange, to his old associate, Mr. William A. Harbison, a worthy and experienced officer. Captain Vandergrift will appear in a new role on his arrival at Pittsburgh, namely, passenger agent of the General Lytle yesterday, we observed Captain Jim Irwin, of Louisville, accompanied by his family, who left for Pittsburgh last night on the Exchange. —Mr. James Burke, second clerk of the General Lytle returned to his post a few days ago, but has again been commanded to step off, and is, we learn, lying very low at his home down the river. James Brownwell is attending to the clerk's duties on the Lytle.—Wednesday night, at Rising Sun, a roustabout, named Mat. Grant, fell overboard from the General Lytle, and owing to the darkness was drowned.—Some 10 feet of the Alton dike, above St. Louis, was washed over or spread out upon the base, so that the water passed over it at this stage in considerable volume. The work, however, is fast doing the business it was designed for.—Captain A. McCarthy has engaged in the steamboat agency business at Pittsburgh. The Swallow is the last steamer he commanded out of Cincinnati.—Cairo, April 2.—The Sam Brown left for Pittsburgh yesterday, with 3 barges of iron ore and 2 empty barges. The J. H. Bigley returned to St. Louis last night, with the last of her coal. She will go up the Ohio on her return.—The Simpson Horner passed down early yesterday morning with a big tow of 19 barges and 3 barges of coal.

—Friday's Cincinnati "Gazette" says: The R W Skillinger arrived from Pittsburgh last evening, and will return to-morrow.—The Mount Vernon passed up yesterday with an empty tow.—The Robert Peebles went to Aurora, and will pass up again to day.—The Exchange left for Pittsburgh last evening with a good trip, including 260 bale cotton and 125 tons metal. She received 32 hhds sugar from the New Orleans, worth, and has engagements at Manchester for a lot of bacon, and will take on below Huntington a lot of straw. Pilots, Abrams and Henderson.—Total tonnage running at St. Louis last month, 93,443 tons. Amount of wharfage, steamers, lumber, wood, &c, $11,493 85. Arrivals during the month, steamboats 211; barges 97; canal boats 13. Lumber received by river during the month 2,128,000 feet.—The ladies of Cairo will send from the officers of the Widespread ship, Alexander Adams would come up in charge of the new bar on the City of Portsmouth and met the latter boat at the landing. Alexander received them courteously and made a little speech, in which he agreed not to dispense the ardent while lying at Cairo.—The wharfage returns for the week ending last evening amounted to only $18.85.—Gallipolis collected $98 wharfage last week.

—The effect of the Louisville and Portland canal bill, as it passed the House on Tuesday, would be to forever shut the Government from taking possession of the canal for two years yet. Yesterday our Chamber of Commerce unanimously adopted a resolution requesting the Senate to reject the amendment engrafted upon the bill on the motion of Mr. Wheeler, and cause the same to be passed in such a shape as to insure the immediate control of the canal by the Government, and a reduction of tolls, so as to place this improvement on an equal footing with other canals controlled by the United States. In this connection we may add as illustrative of the great oppression that during the existence of the Red Collar Line between Evansville and Cincinnati, which is five years, Chief Clerk James of the Charmer, tells us that Corn Island and Madison were the ports of the Louisville & Portland Canal Company $10,000.—Cin. Gazette.

—The Evansville Journal says: A very mechanical accident and a singular one happened on the Indiana yesterday. Some of her crew having occasion to go aft in her hold, discovered the lifeless body of one of her crew—John Miller—deck sweep and day watchman. It appears that he had been in the hold on duty, and in attempting to pass up through the sweep hatch, he was caught and crushed by the tiller, which works across and immediately beneath the scuttle or hatch. The tiller on the end of the rudder is a log with his eyes, and it is supposed he was instantly killed. His body was found on the breast hooks beneath the tiller. He was thirty years of age, had shipped at Cincinnati and was a sober steady hand.

—A St. Louis special to the Cincinnati Commercial says: The Keokuk Northern Line Packet Company received a telegram this morning, stating that the Harry Johnson collided with one of the piers of the Hannibal bridge last evening, while coming down and broke her wheel. At last accounts the disabled boat was at Louisiana, waiting for the Davenport, which steamer will tow her to this port. The extent of the Harry's damage could not be learned. The Terry and the Belle Peck left for Sioux City to day. The Western and Katie Y. Kountz will not get away for Fort Benton till Saturday.

—The Louisville Courier says: Captain Martin Dippold—well known in marine circles and among coal men—went up to Sewickley, Pa., on the time card on which Miss Sarah McDonald, a young and handsome lady of this city, went up to the same place a short time since on the same mission. Well, the young lady is now Mrs. Captain Martin Dippold, and the happy couple will be home in a few days. Martin would never do to fool with—he always did mean business.

—A Cairo telegram says: The Lady Lee left Memphis ahead of the Paragon with the avowed purpose of getting to Cairo first. But the Paragon, it seems, left her by the wayside coming in Thursday easily. The Lady Lee boys say that the Paragon served them like they serve the rest of the boys, and it's all right. They propose to get even by selecting some boat which they know they can beat, and give her "Jesse."

—The Davenport Gazette of Tuesday says: Fifty cents fare to St. Louis is the word to-day without meals. Tickets to St. Paul are $18 Round trip tickets to any point are sold at 10 ₩ cent off.

—The ice is still firm at LaCrosse. Persons walk across the river every day, and skiffs on runners are propelled by one man each from one shore to the other.

—The Indiana was seized at Evansville Tuesday, and held there for debt by the United States Marshal.

—Captain Miller and his brother, of the Houston, drew $50 each in the Library lottery.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.—1 car spirits, 1 do alcohol, M Evert; 200 pails lard, Rex H & K; 10 brls poultry, 5 pkgs butter, Yost, M & G; 10 C&D; 25 do pickles, 5 brls beer spirits, Rodelheim B & Co; 5 pkgs alcohol, R E Sellers & Co; 15 do, B L Fahnestock & Co; 35 cases honey, 50 do sugar, J H Lightner; 5 brls liquor, 25 do tobacco, Haworth & D; 10 brls spirits, Milligan & H; 15 do, Rodelheim & A; 90 bundles lumber, Wilson & Co; 1 car coal, Pittsburgh Gas Co; 4 do eggs, 1 sk feathers, 14 pkgs eggs, J H Loh & Co; 6 tubs butter, J B Canfield; 15 brls spirits, W S Haines; 5 do do, Hunt & Bro; 5 do wines, M McCullough; 91 do phosphate, Soobia R & S; 1 car mait, M Meek; 100 brls flour, Shoaman & Co; 100 do, J W Roberts; 50 do do, 1 do apples, 4 do eggs, Voigt M & Co; 3 do, H Rea Jr; 3 cars iron, J F Firth; 5 pkgs cheese, C G Nietner; 5 do do, 5 brls flour, J Seibert; 2 do do, well & Lee; 7 do cheese, Braden & P; 14 do eggs, H J McCracken Bro; 447 bdls paper, McElroy & Co; 7 brls eggs, A M Weil Bro; 1 car lumber, Stack & Land Canal Company $10,000.—Un. Gazette.

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HOME NEWS.

Acquittal of John Schuettler.

The jury in the case of John Schuettler, charged with complicity in the Brauenlein murder, that retired on Thursday evening, returned into Court yesterday morning at nine o'clock, and rendered a verdict of "not guilty." The prisoner was then discharged from custody.

Safely Locked Up.

If you want your money and valuables securely preserved from fires and burglars, just put them in one of Hall's Fire and Burglar Proof Safes, and the desire of your heart will be realized. If you havn't a safe of this kind yet, go to No. 93 Smithfield street and get one from the stock there.

Special Sunday Train to Washington City.

To-morrow, Sunday morning, at eight o'clock, a special train will start from the Connellsville depot at the corner of Grant and Water streets, to convey the Lydia Thompson troupe and all others desiring to go to Washington City. This is a good opportunity to make a trip through to the National Capital by daylight over the Pittsburgh, Washington & Baltimore Railroad, and no doubt many will avail themselves of it. The train will arrive there at eight o'clock in the evening.

The Gas Committee

of Allegheny Councils held a meeting last evening. The contract for furnishing the gas posts for the present year was awarded the Pittsburgh Manufacturing Company for $10 per post. The contract for furnishing the lamp shades for the year was awarded to Messrs. Lovell, Hawthorn & Co., at $4.50 per shade. The quarterly gas bill for gas supplied public lamps and public buildings, amounting to $5,017 50, was approved. Bills amounting to $198 were also approved.

Killed at Claremont.

Coroner McCallin yesterday held an inquest on the body of Teresa Colhoff, who was killed at Claremont the evening previous, by a train on the West Penn road. Deceased had gone to see her son, who is in the Allegheny Poor House, insane department, and was crossing the track of the road, when she was struck by the locomotive of the mail train. Deceased resided in Manchester, and was sixty-five years of age. She leaves a husband and five children. A verdict of accidental death was rendered.

Sheriff Hare's Budget.

Elsewhere will be found, in our advertising columns, the announcement of prospective sales of real estate and valuable properties, by the efficient incumbent of the sheriff's office, John H. Hare, Esq. The list given embraces some very fine pieces of property, and the announcements will repay a careful consideration by capitalists wishing to secure bargains.

The "copy," beautiful as letter press, furnished by our former schoolmate and friend, Mr. Alf Scandrett, shows no diminution in his chirographic skill, and called forth for him praise and benisons from our "comps."

Yale Glee Club—College Songs.

It will be seen by reference to our amusement column that we are to have a great musical treat in a Grand Concert to be given at Library Hall on Tuesday, the 10th inst., by the Yale College Glee Club, of sixteen voices, for the benefit of the Yale Boat Club. Included in the Glee Club are two Pittsburghers, and a number of the Yale College Alumni of this city are manifesting a warm interest in the success of the coming concert, so as to have a genuine enjoyment of "Auld lang syne." The performances of this club in our Eastern cities have been well received by large audiences, and the commendations of the press have been strongly emphasized.

Allegheny Poor Directors.

A regular monthly meeting of the Allegheny Board of Poor Directors was held last evening. The Secretary reported having paid out $436 in cash, given orders for $623.50 worth of groceries, $3 50 worth of meat, 570 bushels of coal, and 33 pairs of shoes during the month. The Steward of the Poor Farm reported 126 inmates in the Poor House. The City Hospital reported 163 office patients, 283 visits to city poor, and three visits to the Poor House during the past three months.

Richard Crane was appointed Superintendent of the male insane at the Poor House.

Bills to the amount of $5,200 were referred to the Finance Committee.

After the transaction of some routine business, adjourned.

Narrow Escape.

Last evening about half past five o'clock, as some workmen were engaged tearing down an old building at the corner of Federal street and Park Way, Allegheny, and had it all down except a portion of the wall fronting on Park Way, and the floor of the second story, when the wall suddenly gave way and the whole fell down, breaking into a number of pieces. Three workmen, who happened to be working in what had been the first story, had a narrow escape from injury from the second story floor. One of them was caught by the falling timbers as he was running out and was slightly bruised and his clothes torn, but was dragged out before he could be seriously injured. A second workman was slightly bruised also.

Allegheny Fire Matters.

The Committee on Fire Engines of Allegheny Councils, held a meeting last evening and approved the monthly pay-roll, amounting to $2,924.65, and bills amounting to $353.98.

The resolution relative to the purchase of a steam fire engine for the Ninth ward, referred to the Committee by Councils, was taken up and after some consideration it was decided to recommend that an engine be purchased for the lower district of the city.

The following men were appointed by the chief Engineer and confirmed by the Committee as the "Allegheny Hose Company," to be stationed on Troy Hill: Foreman, Louis Faber; hosemen, Adam Albright, Jacob Deitz, George Shaffer and John Seifert.

This new company will not go into service for about two weeks yet, for the reason that the new engine house on Troy Hill is not yet completed.

City Property—Thirteenth Ward Station House.

Last evening a meeting of the Committee on City Property was held in the Clerk's office in Municipal Hall. Chairman McCune stated that the meeting had been called because Mr. W. F. Casey, to whom the contract for repairs on the Thirtieth ward station house had been let, had informally intimated that he would not accept the contract. Mr. Kerr said that he had been informed by Mr. Casey, that he had made a mistake in his figures, and that he had intended to bid at $4136 instead of $3641. The Clerk informed Mr. Casey that his contract had been accepted and that the fulfilment of it would be expected, but the Committee last night had nothing direct from Mr. Casey, regarding his determination to do the work, except the statement of Mr. Kerr, that he had positively refused to live up to his bid. The matter was finally referred to the City Solicitor to examine and report if Mr. Casey could not be required to fulfil his contract. The Committee then adjourned.

The Allegheny Police Troubles.

During the past twenty four hours the trouble about those six additional policemen has assumed a new phase, and the Mayor has come out conqueror for the present at least. Last evening at roll call an order was read from the Mayor reinstating that George Williams, Wm. Arbogast, and Charles Heinrichs, who have served as substitutes for some time past, with Jacob Forch and Abram Bailey, two of the new men appointed on Wednesday evening, should at once be placed on the regular force, and James Greenwood as lamp washer. The remaining three men appointed on Wednesday to go on as substitutes. In consequence, the men named went on duty last night. An order was also read that hereafter the day force shall go off duty at 5 o'clock in the morning, and come off duty at 6 o'clock in the evening, and the night force to go on duty at 7½ o'clock in the evening and remain on duty until 5 o'clock in the morning. This order goes into effect to-day. By this arrangement there will be no policemen on duty from 5 o'clock in the morning until 9 o'clock.

Another Attempted Suicide.

Shortly before one o'clock yesterday morning, Mrs. Jones, who resides at the corner of River avenue and Anderson street, Allegheny, noticed just as she was about to retire, that there was a woman walking along the wharf, and acting rather strangely. She watched her for a short time and saw her walk towards the river. Mrs. Jones then called Lieut. Brooks and notified him of the strange actions of the woman. He ran down and discovered her walking into the river, and got up to her before she went in. He at once proceeded to draw her from the water and removed her to Mrs. Jones' house, where she remained until yesterday morning. She did not give her name, but stated that she was the mother of three children and her husband had deserted her, and she was determined to drown herself. She has no home, and no place to stay. On last Sunday afternoon she called at the Allegheny Mayor's office and was allowed to stay in the lock-up until Monday morning, when she left. On leaving Mrs. Jones' house yesterday morning she stated that she was going to the Mayor's office to enter complaint against Lieut. Brooks, for his violence in dragging her from the water, since which time nothing has been heard of her.

A Word on "Discourteous."

The luxurious scribes of the *Post and Commercial* who are affected to a melancholy degree with a constitutional animosity toward labor, and who recline in pensive mood in their little sanctums expecting the news to come to them, yesterday gave a simultaneous snarl at the world in general, and at Controller Brown, of Allegheny, in particular because several important items of news concerning Allegheny Finances, did not grace their poverty-stricken local news columns the other day, but *did* appear in the GAZETTE and other papers whose representatives were attending to business. The sad demoralization of the aforesaid scribes is pitiful, for, driven to the necessity of making some explanation for their lack of industry, they intimate, —though rather gingerly, it is true—that the Controller is rather "discourteous" to reporters. What childish innocence, what guileless victims; what richness there is in such a charge coming from those who never call at the Controller's office, and who only discover his lack of courtesy when another scribe, not afraid of a little work, does take the pains to hunt up the round and collect the news which is free to all who come; and the richness of this complaint is further developed when it is known that the gigantic intellects of these whimpering scribes were never struck with an idea that there were "items" at the Controller's office until an industrious Knight of the Pencil by producing the information in his own columns, awakened them to the realization of the fact, mingled with the chagrin of dull "beats" Now if these scribes would accept a little advice, meant in all kindness and given with a sincere desire to do them good, they would hereafter drop their abusive tactics, and by "moving around more lively" give evidence of repentance for past negligence; we guarantee then they will never have occasion to accuse the worthy Controller of the North Side,—whose uniform urbanity is only equalled by his efficiency, —of discourteousness.

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

Brief Notes of Matters Personal and Otherwise.

EASTER SERMONS to-morrow.

REV. BISHOP SIMPSON is expected home from Mexico to-day.

THE revival interest is still kept up in Rev. J. W. Ellis' church, Fifth avenue.

THIRTEEN young men graduated from the U. P. Theological seminary last week.

THE Total Abstinence Society at the Cathedral flourishes, and extends its borders.

THE annual election for officers, occurs next week in many of our Sunday schools.

THE election for Vestrymen will take place as usual on the first Monday in April in Episcopal Churches.

ARCH STREET M. E. CHURCH, Allegheny, Rev. J. A. Miller pastor, is under going repairs and renovation.

A YOUNG PEOPLE'S union prayer meeting will be held this evening at the rooms of the Y. M. C. A., commencing at 7¾ o'clock.

ST. PETERS ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH edifice on Ohio street, Allegheny, near the West Park, is rapidly approaching completion.

REV. B. F. BROOKE, D. D., leaves Christ Episcopal Church Allegheny, and goes to Christ Methodist Episcopal Church, Pittsburgh.

THE Rev. Samuel H. Hilliard has been elected Rector of St. Mark's Episcopal Church, Birmingham, Pa., in the Diocese of Pittsburgh.

REV. T. H. COLHOUER, pastor of the Fifth Methodist church, Pittsburgh, has recently returned from a visit to the eastern conferences.

REV. JOHN S. HAYES is gradually recovering from the severe illness which lately prostrated him, and is now enjoying a vacation of a few days.

THE Rev. N. K. Wade, of Iowa, will occupy the pulpit in the Eighth U. P. Church, (Rev. J. S. Sands') at the morning and evening services to-morrow.

REV. MR. SMITH, of Hiland church, Perrysville, has received a call to the Central Presbyterian church of this city—formerly in charge of Dr. Jacobus.

THE Ministerial Association of the M. E. church of Pittsburgh and vicinity will meet in their room next Monday morning at half past nine o'clock.

THE majority of the M. E pulpits in the two cities will be occupied to-morrow by the "new preacher"—that is, in cases where there has been a change.

THE Sunday School semi-monthly paper issued by the Methodist Board of Publication, 66 Fifth avenue, is about to be changed in name to *The Morning Guide*.

THE book-room buildings of the Methodist (Non Episcopal) church, on Fifth avenue, are among the most eligible and comfortable newspaper quarters in the city.

THE SPIRIT of improvement seems to prevail in bringing the surroundings of the Swedenborgian Church, Sandusky and Isabella streets, Allegheny, into a neat appearance.

THE health of Rt. Rev. Bishop Kerfoot is being gradually restored. He had been resting for a few weeks with his brother in Chicago, and gaining strength for his spring visitations.

REV. S. S. GIBSON of Bowling Greene, Kentucky, has accepted the Pastorate of the Presbyterian church in Uniontown, Pa., and will commence the discharge of his duties next week.

REV. JOS T. PRESSLY, D. D., of Erie, Pa., son of the late venerable Dr. Pressly, has been granted a vacation of a couple of months by his congregation, and has gone to Jacksonville, Florida.

THE MUSIC in the Episcopal and Roman Catholic Churches to-morrow, will be of an unusually elaborate character, judging from the notes of preparation heard in several quarters.

THE Rev. Robert C. Caswell, Rector of Emmanuel Episcopal Church, Allegheny, in the Diocese of Pittsburgh, expects to sail for England on the 15th of April. He will be absent two or three months.

The Methodist Recorder sums it up, saying: "The deliverance, all told, is about this: Henry Ward, if you don't mind what you are about, you shall have an ecclesiastical spanking, now see if you don't."

THE Rev. B. F. BROOKE, D. D., the new pastor of Christ M. E. Church, Penn avenue, will preach his initiatory sermon to-morrow, Easter Sunday, morning at 10½ o'clock and also in the evening at 7½ o'clock.

THE Rev. Percival Beckett has removed from Pittsburgh and entered upon his duties as Rector of St. Paul's Free Church, Columbia Centre, Pa. His rects to be instituted by Bishop Howe on the 17th of April.

THE Pittsburgh Association for the relief of the Poor, has passed complimentary resolutions concerning the efficiency of Mrs. Rev. S. B. Reed who was a member, but who is compelled to resign by removal from the city.

REV. J. VANNOTE will preach in the North Avenue M. E. Church, Allegheny, to-morrow, the morning sermon to be appropriate to the Easter Commemoration, and the evening on the subject, "Paul's Method of Evangelizing."

ALEXANDER CLARK is engaged to supply the Bellefield Presbyterian Church, Fifth avenue, regularly until the arrival of the pastor elect, Rev. W. J. Holland, now at Princeton, New Jersey. Services to-morrow at the usual hours.

REV. R. T. MILLER, the new pastor of the Liberty street M. E. Church, will occupy the pulpit to-morrow morning and evening. The gentleman was welcomed to his new charge at a large congregational meeting on Wednesday last.

THE members elected by the Pittsburgh Synod Reformed Church to constitute a Board of Beneficary Education, will meet for organization and business, on Tuesday, April the 7th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., in Zion Reformed Church, Hiland avenue, Pittsburgh.

AN EXCHANGE sharply says: "Here is a church "looking for a man who will best pay off their large debt." Which confirms the somewhat cynical remark we once heard made, that in many churches a minister is nothing after all but an auctioneer to rent pews."

ON the Feast of the Annunciation, St. Rev. Bishop Domenec, administered the Sacrament of Confirmation in St. Mary's, Seventeenth ward, to 90 children and 8 adults. In the evening, after Vespers, he received a group of little girls into the Sodality of the Holy Angels.

THE Rev. Charles N. Spalding, of New Bright, on has been called to the Rectorship of St. John's Episcopal Church, Pittsburgh, as the successor of the Rev. F. V. Finch who expects to enter upon his duties as Rector of St. John's Church, Denver, Colorado, to-morrow.

Rev. J. J. MURRAY and Alexander Clark, of this city, expect to attend the General Conference of the Methodist Protestant church at Lynchburg Va., in May, the former as a member and the latter as a visitor and reporter for the paper. Mr. Clark will probably extend his trip into the farther south.

REV. C. A. LIMBERG was received by the Allegheny Classis, Reformed Church, at a special meeting held in Pittsburgh, March 20th, from the Presbytery of Nassau, N. I. He has received a call to Butler, Pa. He proposes to labor for the future in those Brady's Bend, charge, and, possibly, supply adjacent points.

THE question of a more thorough centralization of denominational agencies is agitated by correspondents of the *Methodist Recorder*. The oddest thing in the discussion is the frequent lament by the opposition that the subject should be agitated, seeing that that side has considerably more to say than the other.

THE regular monthly meeting of the Evangelical Ministerial Association will be held in the lecture room of Rev. Dr. Scovel's Church Wood street; on Monday afternoon. The topic for discussion is, "What is the relative importance of expository preaching as compared with other methods." Dr. A. M. Milligan will open the discussion.

THE union meeting of Sunday School Teachers for the study of the International Sunday School lessons at the room of the Y. M. C. A., will be held to day by H. K. Porter, Superintendent of the Fourth Avenue Baptist Sunday School. Meeting commences at 12 M., and continues 45 minutes. All interested in Sunday School work are invited.

THE report from the Young Men's Home for March shows that there were admitted to the destitute department, 1,390; free meals issued during the month, 9,351; men signed the temperance pledge, 360. Religious exercises were held every night, and three times on each Sabbath in the chapel of the Home. The aggregate attendance on these services was 9,641. Many of these men were assisted to employment.

THE Rev. A. A. Kerfoot has accepted the Rectorship of a new Episcopal Parish in Verona, about eight miles above Pittsburgh, on the Allegheny river. A new church building is now in process of construction, and there is thought to be the nucleus of a most excellent Parish, which from the start will be self-supporting. Services will begin as soon as the church building is ready for occupation—probably about the middle of May.

THE *United Presbyterian* refers to the admission of an elder into official authority at the Third Presbyterian Church, after he had refused to express a belief in a certain church doctrine, and says: "Or is this which is so difficult to us easy for those who believe in the current doctrines of Christian charity; and are we befogged and mistaken in believing that those who are chosen to administer the order of a church should believe in what they are sworn to execute?"

THE following figures are taken from a record of the recent confirmations in the Protestant Episcopal Diocese of Pittsburgh: The number confirmed from November 3d to November 18th was 114; and from November 19th to the 12th of February, 232. Besides these, Bishop Saulding held nine Confirmations for Bishop Kerfoot, at which he laid hands on sixty-five persons, making a total, since the first of November, of 411. Of those confirmed by Bishop Spaulding, twenty nine belonged to St. Paul's, Erie; twelve to St. John's, Erie; six to the Church of the Cross and Crown, Erie; and six each to Emporium, Smethport and Conneautville.

RT. REV. BISHOP KERFOOT announces that he will make official visitations as follows, health permitting, during April: 5th, Easter Day, A. M., St. Andrews, Pittsburgh; 12th, first Sunday after Easter, A. M., St. Peter's; P. M., St. Paul's, Pittsburgh; 19th, second Sunday after Easter, A. M., Christ Church, Allegheny; 25th, St. Mark's Day, A. M., North East; 26th, third Sunday after Easter, St. Paul's, and Cross and Crown, Erie; 27th, P. M., St. John's, Erie; 28th, Warren; 29th, Corry; 30th, Titusville. The Bishop makes these appointments hoping to be able to meet them. He asks that only his official necessary duties, be expected. The sermons he will ask Presbyters to preach.

Fresh Arrival of Good and Fashionable Clothing—An Immense Stock at Low Prices—Bargains.

A very large and very elegant assortment of ready-made clothing has just been received by Messrs. Simpsburger & Joseph, at their fashionable Clothing House, No. 161 Federal street, Allegheny. All the latest styles of cloth and fashion are represented in their stock. All goods at prices to accord with the times. Every suit made in the most substantial manner and the fit guaranteed. Call while the stock is full and secure a good suit at a bargain. Gents furnishing goods in great variety.

Robinson Crusoe.

We will give to every good boy in Pittsburgh and vicinity a beautiful illustrated edition of "Robinson Crusoe." Call from 9 to 11, A. M. at

A. J. Nutting, fine clothier for Men, Youths, Boys, and Children. Our spring stock is complete and very attractive—42 and 44 Sixth St.

Western White Lime

is sold very cheap by Jas. Reno, 41 Federal street, Allegheny.

THE WORK FOR TEMPERANCE.

Proceedings of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union Yesterday—The Attendance and Interest Somewhat on the Decrease—The Men at the Meetings—They are Sustained as a Necessity.

Yesterday afternoon the Woman's Christian Temperance Union held a regular meeting in the First U. P. Church, Rev. S. B. Reid's, on Seventh avenue. The attendance and interest seems to show a falling off. The proceedings were opened by Rev. Dr. Robinson, who read the Tenth Psalm, after which, he led in prayer.

The 130th Psalm was sung by the congregation.

The minutes of the last meeting were then read and approved.

Communications from the Thirteenth ward and Shady Side, stating that branch unions had been organized there, were read. Resolutions of sympathy accompanied the same. Also one from the Eighth ward stating that a branch had been organized there. The Wesley Chapel branch is growing stronger. An invitation to the Union to meet in that church, was also extended. A communication from the Woman's Temperance League in Canfield, Ohio, was read, asking for the prayers of the meeting.

Rev. Mr. Noble being called upon, made a brief address. He felt it in his heart to give

A WORD OF CHEER.

It was not a little work they were engaged in, but one that has its root deep into every germ of Society. The overcoming of intemperance is a little less than revolution in its effect on Society. He came to-day to identify himself with this movement unreservedly. He had been for years an out and out woman's rights man and he had always stood up for it wherever he could. He had no question about this matter and he recognized the right of women to pray, and to raise his fellow man. He endorsed the movement because the mothers and daughters of our land were rising in their might to fight the evils of intemperance. He would not picture the misery of the drunkard's home. He would not picture any of the miseries of the young man who is ruined step by step through liquor. He would picture none of the terrible evils arising from intemperance. They come to us

LIKE A TOTTERING GHOST AT MIDNIGHT.

He thanked God that a new protest had risen against the curse of intemperance. If the liquor seller is not met one way, he shall be met by another. There shall be no peace to the saloon keeper until every place is closed, and the sale of liquor is made a crime. He thanked God that this time had come, when these men had to say, "Have we no peace." He wanted the women to have patience in this work, that the result was ultimate. They will need courage as well as patience and faith, and forbearance to carry on this work, and in the end we shall see a land swept of this evil.

THE MEN REQUESTED TO MEET.

The following resolution submitted by Mrs. W. M. Gormley, was adopted:

WHEREAS, The women of these cities and vicinity have organized and entered into a great moral work, and as the time is rapidly approaching when they will go forth and plead with those engaged in the liquor traffic to withdraw therefrom; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Christian men of these cities and surroundings be requested to meet as often as their time will admit to engage in prayer and supplication, that our hands may be strengthened and our hearts encouraged, and that in God's own time we may achieve a victory.

PRISONERS IN JAIL.

The following was next introduced by Mrs. Black and adopted:

WHEREAS, Our jails and workhouses are mainly filled with victims of intemperance, who, if left in their moral degradation, will almost inevitably be found hereafter among the felons who inhabit our Penitentiaries, or, as in many cases, end their earthly career on the scaffold; therefore,

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed at once to visit our jail, and a similar committee to visit our workhouse, which shall pray with and counsel the prisoners confined there, and obtain their signatures to the total abstinence pledge.

The following ladies were appointed Jail Committee: Mrs. Morgan, Mrs. Taylor, Mrs. Torrens, Mrs. Gormley and Mrs. Meyer.

Committee to visit workhouse: Mrs. A. W. Black, Mrs. S. B. Robinson, Mrs. Jas. McMaster, Mrs. Gordon, Mrs. Foster.

Mrs. Morgan then led in prayer, appealing for the cause in Dayton, Ohio.

A portion of the Twelfth Psalm was sung.

Rev. Dr. McMillan was next called upon. He said he felt a pleasure in addressing this assemblage, this afternoon. He believed in distinctly drawing the lines between those who are for or against this movement. There was a great deal in the sentiment of those who are known to be on the side of the temperance. Public opinion must be educated.

HE REJOICED IN THESE MEETINGS,

and in this movement in general. He had no doubt of the propriety of this movement, and believed God's blessing would rest on this agency and would accomplish a great victory. He closed by inviting the ladies to meet in his church, the Second U. P., of Allegheny, stating it was at their disposal at any time.

Mrs. Dr. Harper.

Mrs. Van Horn took the floor and said she thought they fully understood their work. Some say they have no grammar. They don't need any grammar to pray with a poor saloon keeper. She was talking to a poor inebriate scissors grinder, yesterday. She asked him to sign the pledge, and he said never. She thought the movement ought to go on. The temperance woman didn't shut money up in the banks. They say now that the temperance women were making dull times. But

THE MEN WERE ALWAYS MISTAKEN.

She for one, was ready to go to work. She had enlisted for life, long or short. In the Twelfth ward three liquor sellers had given up. She wanted them to go forward in the name of the Lord.

A communication from the Oakland branch was read. Also one from the Nixon street, Allegheny, Baptist Church, requesting the use of unfermented wines at Communions, as it had been adopted there.

Mr. Patterson, of New York, was called upon and spoke very briefly. He related some interesting reminiscences and said that the temperance movement was going forward.

Miss Angie Starr led in prayer.

FORTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

Mrs. Gibson gave a very effective description of her own troubles with intemperance the past forty years. She was a Catholic, but was as full of temperance as she could be. The women did not know the amount of good work they were doing. Her husband now was a temperance man and would assist in the movement. God speed the work.

Miss Renwick thought the young ladies had no idea of their great influence, if they would only exert it in the right direction, among the young men of their acquaintance. She always wanted them to never speak against the cause of temperance even if they were not in favor of this movement. Men will always have respect for girls who will stand up for temperance. The work for the ladies was over the ballot at the election. She suggested that this union beside working for closing the saloons should elect committees to be present at the polls to see that none but temperance men were elected.

Mrs. Logan replied that the Association had come out against temperate drinking. She had seen much distress arising from it.

Mrs. Taylor followed with prayer.

Mrs. Morgan, of the South Side, made a few remarks and gave a synopsis of the morning's service there, and what they had done. She wanted the women to go on in the work as they had begun.

AN EXAMPLE.

Mrs. Youngson being called forward, said she had never before spoken at these meetings, but yesterday morning a woman, the mother of five children, came to her for bread to eat. She asked them what brought them to such poverty. She falteringly said that her husband was a drunkard and had not helped them for nine months. She worked as long as she was able, to support her family, but she took sick, and the result was, abject want. She implored the ladies to work on in the grace and strength of God. He would provide. He was their strength and would bring them out more than conquerers.

THE GIRLS REMEMBERED.

Miss Haller thought the girls were not doing all they ought to do. She wanted them to go to work, and that right away. She wanted them to go right forward, without hesitation. Temperance men of the new form order may oppose us, but she would work for the cause to save men's souls, they who were her brothers.

On motion of Mrs. Morris, a resolution was adopted requesting the men to meet for prayer for the cause of temperance in the rooms of the Y. M. C. A. every day at noon.

On motion, Rev. Dr. Gallagher's Church, East Liberty, was chosen as the place of holding the next meeting, Tuesday afternoon, at half-past two o'clock.

A mass meeting, was on motion, ordered to be held in the Bingham street Presbyterian Church, South Side, on Friday evening next, at half-past seven o'clock.

THE MEN NOT WANTED.

Rev. Dr. Robinson wanted all men excluded from the meetings.

Mrs. Miller wanted men to help them.

Miss Haller wanted the presence of men, to fall in the rear. They were necessary in their meetings.

Rev. Dr. Robinson suggested this, simply, because some of the ladies felt some diffidence in publicly speaking in the presence of men.

Mrs. Van Horn said the fact was, women were afraid to speak before men, and wanted the men to do the work.

Mrs. Gormly thought that some of them felt a delicacy in speaking before men.

A motion was made to allow the presence of men at the ladies' meetings, which was afterwards modified to but one day in the week.

THE MEN WANTED.

Mrs. Robinson said, if ladies had anything to say that could not be said before gentlemen, they had better not meet at all. She for herself never said in ladies' company what she would not say before men.

Mrs. Morris wanted to see the men at each meeting to counsel them.

Mrs. Collins and Mrs. Miller were of the same opinion. The question was reconsidered by a rising vote, and the men were invited to come as a necessity that could not be done without.

THE YOUNG WOMAN.

Miss Haller offered the following which was adopted:

Resolved, That we, the girls of the two cities, feel that we have an important work to perform in the great temperance reform now in progress; and,

Resolved, That we do meet in the Alliance rooms on Tuesday evening next, at 7½ o'clock, for prayer and consultation as to the best plan for us to pursue.

After singing the Seventy second Psalm, Rev. Dr. McMillan pronounced the benediction and the meeting adjourned.

The South Side Work.

Yesterday morning the case of Mrs. Rev. Humphreys and Mrs. Brown, charged with unlawful assembling, before Alderman Patterson, was to have come up, but as it was Good Friday, the hearing was postponed. The ladies were followed by a large number of their friends, and the Alderman was requested to allow prayer meeting to be held in his office, but declined. They then organized a meeting outside, and afterwards visited O'Brien's saloon on Sarah street, where a meeting was held. While the ladies were singing and praying, a number of young men made themselves disgustingly conspicuous by persistently going to the bar and calling for whisky.

James Reno,

41 Federal street, Allegheny, undoubtedly sells the best sewer pipe and flue lining in the county, which should be considered an inducement to buyers.

EASTER SERVICES.

Preparations in the Churches—Sermons, Music and Floral Decorations—The Exercises at "Trinity" and at "St. Peters."

To-morrow being Easter Sunday, will, as usual, be commemorated in the churches, especially in the Protestant Episcopal and Roman Catholic churches. In nearly all the churches of all denominations so far as we can hear, the morning services, at least will be particularly appropriate to the day; but in some cases the exercises will be of an unusually interesting character. Among those at which a special programme has been arranged is

TRINITY EPISCOPAL CHURCH,

on Sixth avenue. The services at this place promise to be even more elaborate than has marked Easter observances by this people in other years. First, it is said—though the committee of ladies having the matter in charge are interestingly mysterious concerning their work—that the floral decorations are to be especially elegant. Florists have been observed, once or twice during the week, in the church evidently taking birds-eye views of its fair proportions, and as a result a rich floral display is anticipated.

Then the religious services will continue almost uninterruptedly throughout the day. The first service will be held at seven o'clock, when the children will participate in choral singing and in the morning prayers. At eight o'clock Communion services will be held; at ten and a half o'clock, regular church services, conducted by Rev. Dr. Scarborough; at three P. M. a grand children's festival, when their offerings will be presented; and at seven and a half regular evening services.

The programme of music for the occasion is as follows:

Morning Service.—Grand Easter Chant, sung Antiphonally. Gloria Patri, Nos. 1, 2, 3. Te Deum—Full Chorus; solo parts by Mrs. Dihm, Miss Hughes, Mr. Brecht and Mr. Boehme. Jubilate Deo.—Grand Anthem, sung Antiphonally. Anthem—Chorus, Hallelujah—Handel. Responses—Gounod. Gloria Tibe—Chorus. Hymn 98.—"Christ the Lord is risen"—Baritone solo and chorus. Gloria Patri—Chorus.—Mornington. Offertory—Selected solo—Mr. Brecht. Offertory—Soprano solo and chorus—Gounod. Communion Service—Trisagion, Solo and Quartette. Hymn 207, "Bread of the World." Gloria in Excelsis.

Evening Service.—Quartette—Christ our Passover—Millard. Gloria Patri No. 1, 2. Grand Glorio in Excelsis—Chorus. Cantote Domino, sung Antiphonally. Benedic Anima Mea—Anthem—Warren. Hymn 102.—"Come, see the place where Jesus lay." Gloria Chorus. Hymn 110—Full Chorus.

In rendering this music two choirs will be engaged, numbering in all twenty-four voices.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH.

Preparations have also been made at St. Peter's Episcopal Church, on Grant street, for a day of unusual interest. The services here will be divided into three parts. First, at nine o'clock, the children will hold their Easter jubilee, and present their offerings. The music for this service has been especially selected for the occasion, and will be rendered by the chorus choir, consisting of twenty-four young voices. This choir is an especially fine one, and has received great commendation for its performances on other occasions. The music will consist of anthems, chants and carols, and something rare in this line is expected.

The next service will be at half past ten o'clock when the Rector, Rev. H. W. Spalding will preach an Easter sermon which will be followed by the Holy Communion. The music will be conducted by Excellent Quartette choir of the church, assisted by the Young Peoples' chorus choir, and will be suitable to the occasion.

The third service will be at half past seven in the evening when the Rector will preach a sermon on the Resurrection, and the music be furnished by the Quartette choir,—a special programme having been prepared.

"St. Peters" has always enjoyed a fame for the exquisite character of its decorations on special occasions, and from the hints thrown out in this instance, it seems probable that to-morrow's display in this line will be a little in advance of any previous effort.

THE CATHEDRAL.

There will also be special services in the Cathedral. We could not obtain a correct programme, but understand that the choir have been in preparation for Easter, and that the music will be exceptionally fine. The full choir will take part with all the additional aids from musical instruments.

These are the only churches that came to our knowledge where very especial arrangements have been made, but in all of them Easter will be commemorated—and from present appearances —in any unusually impressive manner.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

Just Opened at Very Low Prices.

SPRING PRINTS

In Merrimack, Cocheco, Sprague, American,

All the best makes and newest styles, at prices lower than they were ever sold.

SPRING CHINTZES

In Percales, French Chintzes, Light and Dark Colored, Handsome Styles at Popular Prices.

LOW PRICED DRESS GOODS,

The choicest assortment in this market, at prices from

12½ cents to 25 cents per yard,

Some really good bargains.

Medium priced Dress Goods in Mohair, Alpacas, Japs, Silk Warp Goods, Pure Mohairs, Debege, Empress Cloth in new Spring Shades, Stripes, Grey Mixtures, Spring Plaids,

From 25 cents to 50 cents,

All at prices much lower than they ever were.

NEW GOODS OPENING EVERY DAY.

A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
172 and 174 Federal street, Allegheny.

BRANCH STORE,
26 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh.

Bricklayers, Plasterers and Grocers

can get the best and cheapest western white lime at Jas. Reno's sewer pipe and flue lining house, 41 Federal street, Allegheny.

Special Announcement.

Special announcement of new goods received, often mean the bringing out of their hiding-places, the old goods from a former season, and displaying the same as a fresh arrival. But we commend our readers to the fact that the genuine and bona fide reception of an immense selection of the richest and choicest styles of cloths, cassimeres and vesting for spring suits, at the elegant and fashionable clothing emporium of Messrs. Hemphill, Rodgers & Co., No. 100 Sixth street. They have, in elegance unsurpassed, an importation of English, French, German and Scotch cloths, as well as all the latest and novel patterns in American cloths. It is well known that this house makes a specialty of fine cloths and fine-fitting suits, and an examination of their stock will give every assurance that they are determined to maintain their former good name in this respect. Are their prices exorbitant? No, but on the contrary you will be surprised to learn how reasonable they are, as from their system of business, they are enabled to give their patrons special and liberal inducements.

Chimney Tops Cheap

At 41 Federal street, Allegheny.

Wagons for Neatness and Durability.

To those who have used the wagons manufactured by C. Coleman & Son, no mention need be made of their excellence; for we have yet to hear of any such who are not loud in their praise of the workmanship which has given the Duquesne Wagon Works their celebrity. But to those who have not as yet had the good fortune to patronize this establishment, we say that in purchasing from Messrs. Coleman & Son, you have, in the reputation of their works, an assurance that the most excellent material and honest workmanship will enter into the construction of any order or kind of vehicle you may desire. Become a patron of their establishment, and fear no regret at having done so, but get entire satisfaction.

James Reno,

41 Federal street, Allegheny, undoubtedly sells the best sewer pipe and flue lining in the county, which should be considered an inducement to buyers.

The Great Book Emporium.

Parties in quest of food for the mind, will find a rich repast at the Book and Periodical Headquarters of Messrs. Gildenfenney & Hess, No. 45 Fifth avenue. You can ask for nothing in all the wide range of literature either biographical, historical, scientific, poetic or instructive that cannot be furnished from the shelves and counters at No. 45 Fifth avenue. All the latest and best magazines and periodicals received fresh from the mint. In sales of one dollar and upwards 20 per cent. will be allowed customers on their purchases.

The Best Sewer Pipe

is to be had at Jas. Reno's, 41 Federal street, Allegheny.

Boots and Shoes.

It is an undoubted and indisputable fact that Messrs. R. Taggart & Co., boot and shoe dealers, No. 148 Federal street, Allegheny, sell better and cheaper goods than any other similar establishment in either of the two cities. Their stock is quite large and well assorted, and every article sold is guaranteed to be just exactly as they are represented, so that those who may go there with the intention of buying can be satisfied of courteous treatment and honest dealing. They have an immense run of custom, the result of selling goods at moderate rates, and that they do so our readers will find by making a visit to the establishment.

Fire Brick,

In quantities of one hundred to a car load, at Reno's, 41 Federal street, Allegheny.

Fashionable Suits.

The character of a man is known by the style of his dress, and yet there are many persons noted for the qualities of neatness and taste, who are compelled to wear ill-fitting suits, not through any fault of their own, but because their tailor can not fit them neatly. Now this difficulty can be easily obviated by ordering your suits at the fashionable merchant tailoring house of B. Tiegel, No. 53 Smithfield street, whose cloths are seasonable and fashionable, and who is an expert in the matter of good fit, always rendering complete satisfaction in quality, style and price.

Chimney Tops Cheap

At 41 Federal street, Allegheny.

Schamberg's Shipping News Telegraph Office.

Max Schamberg's European Steamship Telegraph Office, at No. 163 Smithfield street, announced no steamship arrivals yesterday.

ROAD COMMITTEE.

Uniform Pay for Laborers—The Charges Against Commissioner Bowers—Greensburg Turnpike—The Road Scrapers &c.

The Road Committee met yesterday afternoon in City Hall. The following pay rolls were presented and ordered to be paid:

First district	$ 841 67
Second district	788 43
Third district	2,370 64

Instructions were given to the Commissioners of all the Road districts to confer, with each other, and pay a uniform price, not exceeding two dollars per day, for laborers. Mr. Herron, from the sub-Committee appointed to investigate the charges preferred against Street Commissioner W. J. Bowers, of the Third district, reported exonerating him from all the charges, and complimenting him as a faithful and efficient officer. According to the finding of the committee the charges were made for political purposes. The report was approved. The bill of W. K. Bracken, for building approaches to the Wilmot street bridge, was referred to a sub-Committee to investigate and report whether the work had been properly done. This matter has been before the Committee for several months. An ordinance was ordered to be prepared for the grading of Jackson street, from Frankstown avenue to the Pennsylvania Railroad, provided the necessary affidavit is filed. The petition asking for the drainage of the water tables on Morgan street, in the Fourteenth ward, was referred to the Commissioner of the First district to have the work done. Ordinances were ordered for the opening and grading of Isabella street, in the Twenty